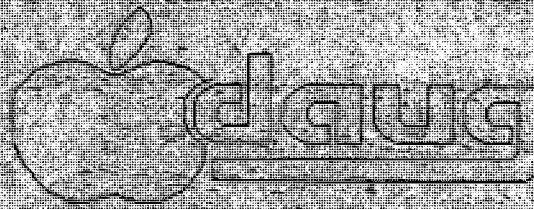
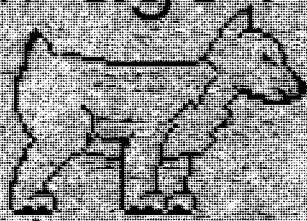


DuPage Apple Users Group



NEWSLETTER

JUNE 1987

JUNE MEETING

When: 7:30 PM, JUNE 12, 1987

Where: Lincoln Center
577 Maple Ave.
Downers Grove, Ill.

Topic: **MEMORY CARDS**

7:30-7:40 Opening Remarks
7:40-7:55 Open w/ Current Topic
7:55-8:30 **MEMORY CARDS**
8:30-8:45 Break & Housekeeping
8:45-9:00 **MEMORY CARDS**

Other Dates to Remember

June 21 Regular Meeting
June 27 Board Meeting (PM, Downers Grove Library)
July 14 Regular Meeting
July 20 Board Meeting (PM, Downers Grove Library)
Aug 11 Regular Meeting
Aug 17 Board Meeting (PM, Downers Grove Library)

Officers

| | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------|
| President | Ron Palmer | 457-8847 |
| VP Programs and | Debra Apple | 765-7741 |
| User Group Ambassador | | |
| Directors: | | |
| Program Director | Ed Gandy | 567-4477 |
| Treasurer | John Sojara | 257-1053 |
| Membership | Al Wittiger | 880-2625 |
| Librarian | Sara Davis | 484-1178 |
| Newsletter Editor | Don Smith | 478-2173 |
| Secretary | Becky Mancetta | 671-1618 |
| Director at Large | Bob Kurlow | 714-2377 |
| | Kathy Paulin | 466-1274 |
| | Bob Carlson | 897-8718 |

...the Presidents corner.

Many thanks to US Program for coming to our May meeting. They presented some history of access also with a presentation on their new 800 baud modem. DUG will probably be getting a 2400 baud ISDN access modem for the purpose of setting up a bulletin board system. Very watching for more information.

Since I am retiring as president, I can reflect back over the past year and the accomplishments of DUG. We had presentations by 5 outside vendors (Apple, The 85, John Ricardi, his instructor, publisher, LECOM, Swartwood, first class peripherals, Super hard disks, and US Robotics) and more. In addition, we had our 13th annual auction, our annual Christmas contest, a cake night, a 5th night, a report on the future of user groups, a review of operating systems, a walk through computer graphics visualization, and a report on how real users use their Apple. All we did was a 300 hard disk. If you don't think we had a busy year, go back and watch a video of our year for the past 13 years.

I would like to say thanks to Sara Davis for stepping in and helping with the DUG's as the temporary Club Treasurer, thanks to the Librarian who has served as membership chairman for the past 2 years, and a very special thanks to Sylvia Stein who is retiring as a club officer after 4 years.

As for me, I am skipping \$500 back to the assembly and position of program chairman. If you believe that more than you also know that the 128 G has much better audio graphics than the Apple ever had. Spend on some hunter disk, Mike Harris, Mike Lazaraki, Ralph Steis, or Kathy Paulin. The 128 G didn't even have color!

What's coming up in June, we are planning to talk about memory cards. We are also looking for presentations from Proteround and Warkentert. Hope this newsletter will be as exciting as the last!

Ed Gandy

WARNING

A new breed of computer vandal is loose in the world and this one delights in trashing whatever data he can find in your system.

The latest "hobby" among those inclined to spray-paint their names on public walls is the "auto-init" bomb which they will graciously upload to any and all of your favorite bulletin boards in the hope that you will find it interesting enough to download and run.

This program is usually very simple in operation and is disguised under the title of the latest game or utility. The program description will give glowing notice that THIS program will solve ALL of your computer problems advertising everything from no fail disk recovery to automatic debugging.

If disguised as a game it will be touted as the most innovative and imaginative game you could ever think of and reviews will be full of praise from others who have allegedly tried the program.

What this program ACTUALLY does is look for any and all drives connected to your computer at the time, including hard disks, Unidisks, or regular floppies. In the event that it finds them, it will check to see if disks are present and, if so, it will then proceed to initialize everything in sight. The first hint of suspicion will come when you see your drive lights coming on in sequence from low slot numbers to high and then low to high drive numbers.

If this program doesn't seem like something that would check all the connected storage devices (and few programs do this), slam your RESET button.

In some cases, the program will display a fancy graphics or menu screen with a warning NOT to interrupt it while it reads in "data files". This is put there to ease your suspicions about the drives lighting up. Of course, the start screen will have a phony title matching whatever you thought the program was supposed to be in the first place.

This problem is becoming so wide spread that many, many system operators are now restricting uploads to their systems entirely, depending instead upon programs that they themselves have acquired and tested.

But you don't get programs from bulletin boards, you say? Well, never fear, these cretins have something for you too. All over the country, disks are being distributed through the pirate networks claiming to be the "latest release" of one of the more popular programs. When booted, these disks look EXACTLY like the program you thought you were "examining". A case in point is a developmental programmer working for Apple in San Jose, California, Ted Minton. Ted obtained a copy of what was supposed to be a beta release of Appleworks v 2.1. When he booted the REAL program took control and wiped 8 months of work off his connected CMC 20 meg hard disk.

A rumor was circulating some weeks ago that the Software Developer's Association was distributing these "trojan horse" disks in an effort to stem the tide of piracy of their products. I think that this rumor can be disregarded since, if it was true, the SDA would get far more negative publicity from it were it to be discovered.

The problem is not exclusive to APPLE software and actually started with IBM programs and systems around the country.

The only thing that I can tell you to do is to be careful with new acquisitions and especially with "latest release" programs that seem too good to be true. Make sure your hard disk is powered down and there's nothing in any other drives. If you obtain the program from a bulletin board, do the right thing, warn the sysop and other users on the system about it if you find one.

Reprinted from Random Access a publication of Louisville Skeleton Keys Apple Users Group

DOOR PRIZE !

If you have attended one of the general meetings in the past 8 months, you are aware that you could have won up to \$80.00 (that is if you attended all the meetings, and were lucky enough to have been picked as the winner of our door prize drawing). What do you think the odds are of one of our members winning more than once since we started giving away CASH for a door prize? Well, guess what? You can do some catching up because we will be giving away \$30 at the June meeting, if the lucky member is there. You too can gain fame and wealth just by coming to every monthly meeting. Richard Spencer wasn't at the May meeting to collect \$20 (at least you get a little fame if you don't show up at a meeting).

See you all at the next meeting!

Al Hilliger

```

#####
# POINT TO POINT #
# by #
# Harold J. Encher #
#####

```

THIS POINT TO POINT

KEYPLAYER is a macro program. What is a macro program you say? A macro program is a program which allows you to code or record a number of keystrokes, and then use one keystroke combination (e.g. **⌘-P**) to print an envelope which could have the same keystrokes needed to address an envelope with your company name as a return address, while also printing the envelope's address all with only one macro. Macro's can be coded to do almost anything that you can do with individual keystrokes. Currently, KEYPLAYER's primary application is Appleworks, however, later releases will be compatible with other applications, such as Point to Point, and MacDraw. That brings us to a major advantage of Keyplayer over the other macro programs. With its control panel you can make one macro do various functions dependent upon whether you are running Appleworks, Database, Spreadsheet, WordPerfect, Point to Point, Applewriter, Basic, or dependent on which key you enter. Keyplayer also has many strong features, easy to use, and save features you can combine into your macros, and is the only one of the three (SuperMacromark, Astromark, and Key) which allows control on macros in context on screen. It also allows you to fix your macros before you need them and save them, they don't work.

Keyplayer works Point to Point, Appleworks, Appleworks, Point to Point, Basic, WordPerfect, and Applewriter.

Point to Point is compatible with Appleworks unless you are running on an Apple IIe with the advantage of a slot 0 RAM card such as RAMWORKS. If your macros are however able to be transferred to Keyplayer with a relatively simple process.

Improvement this release would like to see allow the use of the control key **⌘** to allow a macro key to be used for more than one thing in the same application.

SUPERMACRO KEY

MACROMARKS WORKS PLAYER

| | | | |
|---|------|------------|----------|
| Compatibility | with | Appleworks | versions |
| 2.00 | 2.11 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Compatibility | with | other | programs |
| None | None | None | None |
| Maximum length of a single macro (number of keystrokes) | 4000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| Maximum length of all active macros combined | 4000 | 2000 | 2000 |

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Number of macro keys active at one time | 25811 (00-10) |
| Number of built-in functions (reserved macros) | 10,000 (0-1) |
| Macros operated from menu | None |
| Record mode | Y |
| Special functions accessible in Record mode | Y |
| Advanced Logic | Y |
| Uppercase/lowercase text conversion | Y |
| Date and time formats | Y |
| Reads single character input from keyboard | Y |
| Reads multi-character input from keyboard | Y |
| Can track files | Y |
| Can print user prompts | Y |
| Can tell whether insert or rest cursor is active | Y |
| Can read characters from the screen | Y |
| Dumps the contents of a line to the printer | Y |
| Compilation errors displayed in context | Y |
| Can create lists in a macro for user selection | Y |
| Can find specific files in a directory | Y |
| Clock support | Y |
| Mouse support | Y |
| Auto-start up macros | Y |
| Keyplayer is also compatible with Point to Point, Applewriter, Word Perfect, and Basic | Y |
| 11 for each module | Y |
| 111 Keyplayer's base input is more powerful than the others | Y |
| 1111 Keyplayer offers more formats than the others | Y |
| Current releases of Panpoint's Products: | |
| Panpoint Backup Accessories | 2.0 |
| Spelling checker | 2.0 |
| Task Enhancement Kit | 2.0 |
| Mouse Enhancement Kit | 1.2.2 |
| Point to Point | 2.0 |
| Printer | 1.7 |
| KeyPlayer | 1.0 |
| Document Checker | 1.0 |
| ToolKit | 1.3 |
| RunRun | 1.0 |
| Profiler | 2.2 |

COMING SOON

REVIEWS ON INFOMERGE FULL FEATURE MAILMERGE
 PINPOINT TOOLKIT .ADD YOUR OWN ACCESSORIES
 GRAPHIC EDGE .SPREADSHEET GRAPHICS AND
 PAINT PROGRAM
 PLAYMAKER .PRESET MACROS FOR KEYPLAYER
 COMMAND.COM .MS-DOS COMMAND SET FOR
 PRODOS
 RUN RUN .MENU SELECTOR FOR 3.5 DR
 HARDISK
 DOCUMENT CHECKER .FAST FULL FEATURE SPELL
 CHECKER
 SPELL CHECKER .POP-UP SPELL CHECKER
 POINT TO POINT .FULL FEATURE DATA
 COMMUNICATIONS

AVAILABLE FROM YOUR SOFTWARE DEALER NOW

| | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Treasurers Report | May 87 |
| ----- | |
| Previous Balance | 1718.12 |
| Membership | 56.00 |
| Monthly Dues | 107.00 |
| ----- | |
| Total Revenue | 163.00 |
| Expenses | |
| Refreshments | 0.00 |
| Operational Expenses | 2.00 |
| Capital Expenses | 0.00 |
| Newsletter + Stamps | 122.33 |
| Diskettes | 0.00 |
| Other Club Membership | 0.00 |
| Rent | 0.00 |
| Prize Fund | 0.00 |
| ----- | |
| Total Expenses | 124.33 |
| Net Income | 38.67 |
| ----- | |
| Ending Balance | 1756.79 |
| John W Sandora | |

Learning With Fuzzywoop
 Sierra On-Line
 Joystick required
 \$19.95 (I think)
 Ages 3 to 6

The reason I'm not sure of the price is that my son received Fuzzywoop as a Christmas present.

Fuzzywoop is a series of four animated learning games. The first one is JUGGLING CLOWN. In this game, the clown has a number (between 1 and 10) in its stomach. You must move Fuzzywoop over to a gumball machine and, by making Fuzzywoop push a button, release the same number of gumballs as is displayed in the clown's stomach. When you think you have released the correct number of gumballs, you push the joystick button and if your right, the clown will start juggling the gumballs. If you did not get the correct number of gumballs, they all fall on the floor when you push the button and you must start over. The next game is BUBBLE UP. In this game, bubbles are coming out of a bubble pipe. Each bubble has a random number from 1 to 10 inside the bubble. The object is to "pop" the bubbles with Fuzzywoop's "hair drier" in the proper order from 1 to 10 or from 10 to 1. If you do not get the correct bubble within several attempts, the correct bubble is displayed over Fuzzywoop's head so you can see what you are trying for. After you get all of the bubbles in the proper order, Fuzzywoop floats out of the bubble pipe back to the main menu screen. The next game is DOMINO MATCH. In this game, eight dominos are displayed next to a little computer. (It doesn't look like an Apple, it looks more like a computer tape drive.) The computer then computes and makes computer noises and produces a domino that matches one of the eight dominos displayed next to the computer. Each domino has between zero and three dots on each half. If you progress to later stages of the game, you can have up to 12 (I think) dots on each half of the domino. You must then move Fuzzywoop to the matching domino. If you fail to match the proper domino, Fuzzywoop will show you which one was the proper match. If you get it right, Fuzzywoop will jump up and down with excitement. At times, he will literally jump off the top of the screen. Now that is excited! The last game is MAKE-A-MONSTER. In this game you direct Fuzzywoop to select parts of a monster. You can choose from 7 different heads, 7 different bodies, and 7 different sets of feet. When your monster is complete, you get to fire the hairdrier at Fuzzywoop. If you get Fuzzywoop with the hair drier, Fuzzywoop will perform a trick for you.

While these games are fun to play, they also teach the skills of pattern matching, counting, number sequencing, and eye-hand coordination. These skills promote math readiness, writing readiness, and the eye-hand coordination develops readiness for the skill of writing.

On a scale of 1 (bad) to 10 (the best there is), I would give Fuzzywoop atleast an 8. It is fun to play and does not require that the child already know how to read.

Ed Danley

Memory going...going...gone?

With Applications programs getting larger and larger many people are going to RAM Cards to increase the amount of memory available to them. The prime reason for expanding your memory is AppleWorks. Once AppleWorks is loaded into memory, you no longer have the aggravating waits while overlays are accessed and loaded from your program disk.

AppleWorks has not only sold Apples, it has also made a success of a number of memory card vendors. AppleWorks is by no means the only program that benefits from memory expansion. Spelling Checkers will benefit by having extra RAM available, as will most of the PinPoint applications.

In addition, you can easily turn your extra memory into a lightning fast RamDisk, and in effect get an extra Disk Drive.

So, where do you get these fantastic goodies? You can order them from a local dealer, by mail order, or directly from the manufacturer. There are several companies that make Memory Expansion Cards and I have listed them below.

I personally use an Applied Engineering 65-Ram card in the 65 and a Checkmate Technologies card in the 72e. Each card has certain advantages and it behooves you to look at the available literature before making a final choice on which card to buy.

HST Research, Inc.
2121 Alton Avenue
Irvine CA 92714-4992
(714) 553-0340 / (714) 660-8175 (BBS)

Applied Engineering
PO Box 798
Carrollton, TX 75006
(214) 241-8060

Apple Computer
Cupertino CA

Checkmate Technology
707 S Rockford Drive
Temec, CA 92582
(800) 325-7347 / (602) 968-5802

Ohio Kache Systems Corp
6166 Little York Road
Dayton, OH 45424-2566
(800) 338-0050

Definet Realist

A SHORT DISCUSSION OF PROTOCOL

Does anyone know what protocol really is? I didn't have a "real definition" until I started looking for a definitive explanation of what protocol is. A few dictionaries listed definitions like:

- Thorndike Barnhart:
"rules of etiquette of the diplomatic corps"
- Webster's New World Dictionary (College Edition):
1. "first leaf glued to a manuscript containing an account of the contents"
2. "an original draft or record of a document, negotiation, etc."
3. "a signed document containing a record of the points on which agreement has been reached by negotiating parties preliminary to a final treaty or contract"
4. "the ceremonial forms and courtesies that are established as proper and correct in official intercourse between heads of states and their ministers"

I looked through several other dictionaries and came up with the same kinds of definitions. I thought that I would not be able to come up with a modern definition that would include computer/modem type protocol (at least as I know it anyway). Well, I looked through some training manuals from technical training courses I took a while back and came up with what I was looking for.

For our purposes Protocol is:

"A FORMAL SET OF CONVENTIONS GOVERNING THE FORMAT AND CONTROL OF INPUTS AND OUTPUTS BETWEEN TWO COMMUNICATING PROCESSES."

The important thing is, that both devices that are trying to "talk" to each other are using the same rules. These rules are made up by people like you and me or by larger groups when "standards" are to be met by a large group of users.

One of these groups is an international group sanctioned by the United Nations called CCITT (Consultative Committee for International Telephone and Telegraph). It really makes "recommendations" as to the standards for protocols used in "Public Data Networks" not necessarily in the kind of data transfer we are talking about over the "voice" telephone network. At any rate they have been instrumental in setting up hundreds of protocols.

These protocols are published every 4 years after a study group has sorted through many inputs from various standards groups, carriers, users, manufacturers, and electronic associations. New protocols may have been created and some old ones may have been modified or updated.

What kind of things are needed to make up a protocol for communicating from one computer to another? Well let's see what we can find out together.

Do we need to keep the "BAUD RATE" (speed of transmission) the same on both ends? Do we need to use the same # of bits to define each character (7 or 8)? Do we need to send stop bits? Do we need to keep "parity" (each character has either even or odd # of 1's or leave them as ASCII)? Do we need to know if we are full or half duplex? Do we need to use xon / xoff? Do we need to tell the other computer when we are done sending, or that we need to wait till we save this junk on a disk before we can take anymore?

Well general consensus says YES to all of these questions at least most of the time. Do we need to know any more before we can make up a protocol? I don't know.

I'm not the expert on protocols for Apples, but I'm told that they include Kermit, Christensen, Xmodem, ASCII-2, and possibly many more. You don't have to be an expert either.

Just remember that most communications software has the protocol "built in". You won't see it, although you may be able to set parameters within the program to modify the protocol to talk to another device (computer, terminal). You don't have to know all about it unless you're going to write your own software, but at least now you know that it exists!

Al Hoffman

UP & ADD'EM

Fisher-Price Learning Software

Joystick not required

\$7.99

Ages 3 to 7

Check out Babbage's in Fox Valley. They have a great selection of software for under \$10. I checked, they do not sponsor computer clubs, too bad.

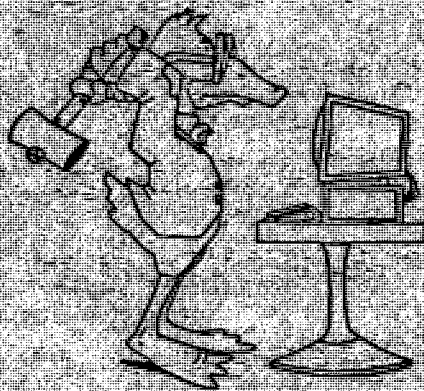
With UP & ADD'EM, children relate numbers to objects they can see and enjoy.

UP & ADD'EM has four levels, all based on the same story line. A little cloud is hovering up in the sky. As you place the correct number of balloons into the cloud, a rainbow starts to form. Correctly place balloons into the cloud five times and you have a complete rainbow. At level 1, you just pick a number from 1 to 9. Inside the cloud, balloons are outlined. The number of balloons matches your chosen number. Your animal partner, a duck, kangaroo, or penguin, will run across the screen and pick up the group of balloons that matches your number. The animal then floats up to the cloud and then, using an umbrella, floats back down so you can pick another number. In level 2, you must move your animal friend across the screen and pick up the group of balloons that matches your number. If you pick the wrong set, the balloons pop, and you must try another set of balloons. In level 3, no one set of balloons matches your number, you must pick up two sets of balloons that add up to your number. In level 4, a simple addition equation using your number appears in the cloud like $1 + 3 = 5 + ?$ where your number was 1 or 3. You must pick the group of balloons that identifies the missing number.

My four year old son has successfully completed the first 3 levels with no problems. Level 4 has him completely stumped for now.

On a scale of 1 (bad) to 10 (the greatest) I would give UP & ADD'EM an 8. It's fun and easy but I don't think it will challenge a 7 year old. But for \$7.99 you can't really go wrong.

Ed Danley



"HIT ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"

THE ARK AND THE COMPUTER

by John Russ

(Reprinted from Orange Apple Club Scrappy Newsletter)

And the Lord said unto Noah: "Where is the ark which I have commanded thee to build?"

And Noah said unto the Lord: "Verily, I have had three carpenters set it. The cedar wood hath been on order nigh upon 12 months. What can I do, O Lord?"

And God said unto Noah: "I want that ark finished even after seven days and seven nights."

And Noah said: "It would be so."

And it was not so. And the Lord said unto Noah: "What seemeth to be the trouble this time?"

And Noah said unto the Lord: "Mine contractors hath gone, alas, bankrupt. The pitch which you commanded me to put on the outside and the inside of the ark hath not arrived. The pipefitter hath gone on strike. See, my son, who helpeth me on the ark side of the business, hath to see a rock group with his brothers Ham and Japheth. The canvas, though on hand, is not the right color. Lord, I am undone."

And the Lord grew angry and said: "And what about the animals, the male and female of every sort, that I ordered to come unto thee to see their seed alive upon the face of the earth?"

And Noah said: "They have been delivered to the wrong address but should arriveth Friday."

And the Lord said: "How about the unicorn and the tools of the air by sevens?"

And Noah wrung his hands and wept saying: "Lord, unicorns are a discontinued line; they canst not get them for love nor money. And the tools of the air are sold only in half-dozens. The peacocks even, they are on back order for weeks to come. Lord, thou knowest humankind."

And the Lord said: "Rest, my son. In my wisdom I should have known this would follow when I listened to Satan and installed a computer."

APPLEWORKS SIS

The SIS will not be having any meetings for the next few months watch the newsletter when the next SIS meeting will be held and the location. If you have an interest in this SIS talk to Betty Adair at the next meeting.

Once again we have some of the ever popular Print Shop graphics. After our picture is shown, press any key except the escape key. The pictures will be shown 9 at a time.

These graphics are part two from the graphics we had in April. Graphics # through 7 are on this disk.

DAUG DOG, MICROSCOPE, MOTORCYCLE, MOWING LAWN, NICEZEL, NO BS, NO SMOKING 2, NOSMOKER, NOTEPAD, OLY SWIM, ONE RUNNER, OPUS, OTR HOUSE, OVL, PALMTREES, PED CHART, PED CHIT, PED CHITZ, PELICAN, PENGUINS, PENNY, PITCH IN, PLAND FISA, PRESSMAN, QUARTZ, RADIATION IS, RAVEN, RIVERCAT, SABBATH TABLE, SAILING, SCENE 2, SCHOOL, SCHOOGER, SHIP, SNOWFLAKE 1, SNOWFLAKE 2, SNOWFLAKE 3, SNOWFLAKE 5, SNOWFLAKE 6, SNOWFLAKE 7, SOCCER BALL 1, STAGDOACH, SUNGLAZ, TABLETS A STAR, TALESHIP, TANK 3, TARGET, THE SHADY, TIGER LILY, TRAFFIC SIGN, TRAFFIC SIGNAL, TRAILER CAMP, TRAILER HOOKUP, TRAIN, TRAIN 2, TREE TILE, TREE4, TRICERATOPS 1, TRUMBONI, TRUMPET, UNCLE SAM, UNICORN 4, VIDEO TAPE, VOLCANO, VULTURE, WAGON, WALKER, WALL STREET, WALRUS, WEDDING, WEST, WORD CLOUD, WORD CLOUD I, YMAS MOUSE

In a few months we will be running a Print Shop graphic contest with prizes for the best graphic, border, and font. In the August Newsletter there will be complete rules. Start designing your graphics now.

press another number for the next picture, or F1/F2 through the screens with the arrow keys.

The other option puts you in another menu. This second menu has many choices. Quit takes you back to the first menu. Unpack and pack do the coding and decoding of the pictures. The instructions option is probably the most important option.

Instructions bring up many text screens of instructions on how to use these pictures. Also shown in the instructions are a short basic routine on using the pictures in your own programs. Shown below are the lines needed, and an explanation.

10 PRINT CHR\$(4); "BLOND PACK UNPACK"

This line loads the machine language routine that codes and decodes the picture.

20 GOR This shows the graphics screen.

30 PRINT CHR\$(4); "BLOND name of picture.PAC"

This line loads the picture you want.

40 POKE 9,0: POKE 1,97: POKE 250,32

The pokes tell the routine where the packed picture is, the routine can find it, and start decoding it.

50 CALL 24576

This line tells the routine to start working.

As you can see, 5 simple lines in your program will allow you to use packed pictures. The major advantage of packed pictures is to allow you to put more graphics on a disk.

All of these pictures are of a very good quality, and are compatible with Dos 69 which has the Ed. paint program in it.

This month we have a disk totally filled with pictures. Pictures of famous people, not so famous people, valentines, animals, and computers. All of these pictures were digitized for the computer and then touched up with the Realia Micro Illustrator from Realia Technology and Ed. Paint from our Dos # 69.

The pictures are all in a packed state. Packing a picture means converting it to a code so it takes less room on a disk. There is a short 2 sector long program called pack/unpack on the disk. This is the converting program that changes the picture to code, or changes it back.

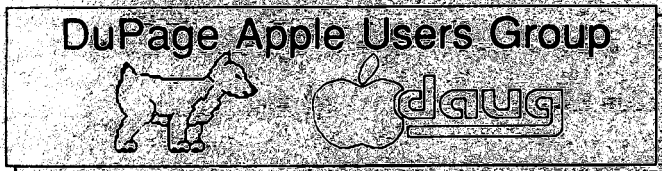
There are so many pictures on this disk, that we had just enough room to put a Daug hello on the disk. Pressing a key after the hello is shown starts you into the main program. You are presented with a short menu. Viewing the slide show allows you to look at 1, some, or all of the pictures. All of the names are displayed, with a number next to each. Choose a number, then

=====

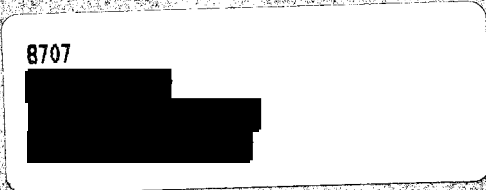
A number of local computer stores support our activity by offering the discounts listed below to those who show their membership cards. Stores that sell merchandise to everybody at a discount are not included.

- C B M Computer, St. Charles Rd and Route 83, Elmhurst (530-1125) - 15%
- C B M Computer, 7 S LaGrange Rd, LaGrange (352-4700) -- 15%
- Farnsworth Computer Center, 1891 N Farnsworth Av, Aurora (851-3888) -- 15%
- Farnsworth Computer Center, 383 E North Av, Villa Park (833-7100) 15%
- Primetime Computer Services, 9906 Wood Lane, Palos Hills, Ill (598-5200) - 10%
- Software City, 883 Geneva Rd., Carol Stream, Ill 60187 (690-0880) - 15%
- Expert Computer Solutions, 2015 W Ogden Ave., Lisle, Ill 60532 (963-6255) -- 15%

Frequently a smaller discount is offered if a credit card is used. If a store would like to be included in this listing, please write the editor and give us your discount schedule for Apple User Group members.



P.O. Box 294 ... Downers Grove, IL 60515



Address correction requested:

(The above mailing label is the only notice you will receive that your membership is expiring. Renewal of membership will involve the payment of the initiation fee of \$8.00 plus the yearly dues of \$12.00 for a total of \$20.00)