#### Guide to the VAXIab Interactive Data Acquisition Tool

Order Number: AA-KP02B-TE

August 1988

This document describes how to communicate with VAXIab through the Interactive Data Acquisition Tool, IDAT, to establish parameters for data acquisition and plotting, and to initiate, control, obtain, analyze, and plot real-time data.

Revision/Update Information:	This is a revised document.
Operating System and Version:	VMS Version 5.0
Software Version:	VAXIab Software Library Version 1.3

digital equipment corporation maynard, massachusetts

#### First Printing, December 1987 Revised, August 1988

The information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by Digital Equipment Corporation. Digital Equipment Corporation assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.

The software described in this document is furnished under a license and may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of such license.

No responsibility is assumed for the use or reliability of software on equipment that is not supplied by Digital Equipment Corporation or its affiliated companies.

Copyright ©1987, 1988 Digital Equipment Corporation

All Rights Reserved. Printed in U.S.A.

The Reader's Comments form on the last page of this document requests the user's critical evaluation to assist in preparing future documentation.

The following are trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation:

DEC
DECnet
DRB32
LN03
LN03 Plus
LN03R

MicroVAX Q-bus VAX VAXcluster VAX GKS VAXIab

VAXstation VMS VT



This document was prepared using VAX DOCUMENT, Version 1.0.

# Contents

PREF	ACE	ix
CHAPTER 1	INTRODUCTION TO IDAT	1–1
1.1	IDAT OVERVIEW	1–1
1.2	DATA DEVICES	1–2
1.3	DATA TRANSLATION	1-3
1.4	DATA ANALYSIS	1-3
1.5		1-4
1.6	BEGINNING AN IDAT SESSION	1-6
1.7	READING DATA INTO THE INTERNAL BUFFER	1-6
1.8	USING THE SCREEN FORMS INTERFACE 1.8.1 Selecting Options from Scroll-and-Select Menus and Data Entry Screens 1.8.2 Completing Multiple Input Data Entry Screens	1–7 1–8 1–10
1.9	GETTING HELP	1–13
1.10	INTERPRETING AND CORRECTING ERRORS	1-14
1.11	USING THE CONTROL KEYS	1–16
1.12	EXITING IDAT	1–16

CHAPTER 2	IDAT MENU AND DATA ENTRY SCREEN DESCRIPTIONS		
2.1	MENU S		2–1
	2.1.1	The Main Menu Screen	2-2
	2.1.2	The Input Source Menu	2-3
	2.1.3	The Data Analysis Menu	26
	2.1.4	The Output Destination Menu	2_7
2.2	DATA E	NTRY SCREEN DESCRIPTIONS	2-10
	2.2.1	A/D Samples and Channels Screen	2–10
	2.2.2	A/D Samples and Channel Gains Screen	2–12
	2.2.3	ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection Screen	2–13
	2.2.4	Axes Labels Screen	2–15
	2.2.5	Autoscaling Option Screen	2–16
	2.2.6	Bit Precision Specification Screen	2–17
	2.2.7	Channel Number Selection Screen	2–18
	2.2.8	Clock Function Selection Screen	2–19
	2.2.9	Clock Rate Selection Screen	2–20
	2.2.10	Clock Source Selection Screen	2–21
	2.2.11	Clock Trigger Selection Screen	2–22
	2.2.12	Data Length Specification Screen	2–23
	2.2.13	File Name Specification Screen	2–24
	2.2.14	Handshake Enable/Disable Screen	2-25
	2.2.15	Input Channel Selection Screen	2-27
	2.2.16	Multiple Channel Input Selection	2–28
	2.2.17	Output Channel Selection Screen	2–29
	2.2.18	Point Size Specification Screen	2–30
	2.2.19	Port Specification Screen	2-31
	2.2.20	Preston Trigger Mode Selection Screen	2–32
	2.2.21	Single Channel Input Selection	2-33
	2.2.22	Start Data Input Screen	2–35
	2.2.23	Start Data Output Screen	2-36
	2.2.24	Sweep Clock Rate Selection Screen	2–37
	2.2.25	Trigger Mode Selection Screen	2-38
	2.2.26	X-Axis Coordinates Screen	2–39
	2.2.27	Y-Axis Coordinates Screen	2_40

Ì

CHAPTER 3	USING I	DAT FOR DATA INPUT, ANALYSIS, AND OUTPUT	3-1
3.1	USING I	DAT FOR DATA INPUT	3-1
	3.1.1	Using the ADQ32 for Data Input	
	3.1.2	Using the ADV11-D for Data Input	3-6
	3.1.3	Using the AXV11-C for Data Input	
	3.1.4	Using a Disk File for Data Input	3–12
	3.1.5	Using the DRB32 for Data Input	3–13
	3.1.6	Using the DRQ3B for Data Input	3–15
	3.1.7	Using the DRV11-J for Data Input	3–17
	3.1.8	Using the DRV11-WA for Data Input	_ 3–20
	3.1.9	Using the KWV11-C for Data Input	3–21
	3.1.10	Using Preston Devices for Data Input	3–23
3.2	USING I	DAT FOR DATA ANALYSIS	3–27
3.3	USING I	DAT FOR DATA OUTPUT	3–29
	3.3.1	Using the AAV11-D for Data Output	3–29
	3.3.2	Using the AXV11-C for Data Output	3–32
	3.3.3	Using a Disk File for Data Output	3–35
	3.3.4	Using the DRB32 for Data Output	3–36
	3.3.5	Using the DRQ3B for Data Output	3–37
	3.3.6	Using the DRV11-J for Data Output	3–38
	3.3.7	Using the DRV11-WA for Data Output	3-40
	3.3.8	Producing a Multiple Channel Plot	3–42
	3.3.9	Using an RS/1 File for Data Output	3–46
	3.3.10	Producing a Single Channel Plot	3–48
CHAPTER 4	SAMPLE	E IDAT SESSION	<b>4</b> –1
4.1	SAMPLI	E SESSION OVERVIEW	<b>4</b> -1
4.2	SAMPLI	E DATA FILE	4-2
4.3	SAMPLI	E SESSION PRESTART CHECKLIST	4-2

۷

4.4	BEGINNING THE SAMPLE SESSION	4-3	
4.5	PASS 1: USING TESTDATA.DAT AS INPUT TO IDAT	4-3	
4.6	PASS 2: PLOTTING THE INPUT DATA	4-4	
4.7	PASS 3: PERFORMING A POWER SPECTRUM ON THE INPUT DATA	4–6	
4.8	PASS 4: PLOTTING THE RESULTS OF THE POWER SPECTRUM	4–7	
APPENDIX A	CONVERTING IDAT ASCII FILES TO RS/1 TABLES	A-1	
APPENDIX B	CREATING BINARY DATA FILES	B-1	

é.

à

#### INDEX

FIG	URES		
	1–1	Scroll-and-Select Menu and Screen Layout	1–9
	1–2	Multiple Input Data Entry Screen Layout	1–12
	2–1	Main Menu Screen	2-2
	2–2	Input Source Menu before Scrolling	2-4
	2-3	Input Source Menu after Scrolling	2-5
	2-4	Data Analysis Menu Screen	2-6
	2–5	Output Destination Menu before Scrolling	2-8
	2–6	Output Destination Menu after Scrolling	2-9
	2–7	A/D Samples and Channels Screen	2–11
	2-8	A/D Samples and Channel Gains Screen	2-12
	2–9	ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection Screen before Scrolling	2-13
	2–10	ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection Screen after Scrolling	2-14
	2-11	Axes Labels Screen	2-15
	2-12	Autoscaling Option Screen	2–16

2-13	Bit Precision Specification Screen
2-14	Channel Number Selection Screen
2-15	Clock Function Selection Screen
2-16	Clock Rate Selection Screen
2-17	Clock Source Selection Screen
2-18	Clock Trigger Selection Screen
2-19	Data Length Specification Screen
2-20	File Name Specification Screen
2-21	Handshake Enable/Disable Screen
2–22	Input Channel Selection Screen
2-23	Multiple Channel Input Selection Screen
2-24	Output Channel Selection Screen
2-25	Point Size Specification Screen
2-26	Port Specification Screen
2-27	Preston Trigger Mode Selection Screen
2-28	Single Channel Input Selection Screen
2–29	Start Data Input Screen
2-30	Start Data Output Screen
2-31	Sweep Clock Rate Selection Screen
2-32	Trigger Mode Selection Screen
2-33	X-Axis Coordinates Screen
2-34	Y-Axis Coordinates Screen
3-1	ADQ32 Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-2	ADV11-D Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-3	AXV11-C Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-4	Disk File Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-5	DRB32 Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-6	DRQ3B Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-7	DRV11-J Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-8	DRV11-WA Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-9	KWV11-C Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-10	Preston Input Screen Flow Diagram
3-11	Data Analysis Screen Flow Diagram
3-12	AAV11-D Output Screen Flow Diagram
3-13	AXV11-C Output Screen Flow Diagram

3-14	Disk File Output Screen Flow Diagram	3
3-15	DRB32 Output Screen Flow Diagram	3
3-16	DRQ3B Output Screen Flow Diagram	3
3-17	DRV11-J Output Screen Flow Diagram	
3-18	DRV11-WA Output Screen Flow Diagram	(
3-19	Multiple Channel Plot Screen Flow Diagram	(
3-20	RS/1 File Output Screen Flow Diagram	;
3–21	Single Channel Plot Screen Flow Diagram	
4–1	Sample Multiple Channel Plot	
4-2	Sample Single Channel Plot	
A-1	ASCII File Format	
A-2	RS/1 Table Format	
A-3	RS1FILE.TXT Source Code	

#### TABLES

1–1	VAXIab Plotting Devices and Workstation Types	1-5
1-2	IDAT-Supported Control Keys	1-16

## Preface

## **Intended Audience**

The *Guide to the VAXlab Interactive Data Acquisition Tool* is intended for use by scientists and engineers working in a laboratory environment performing real-time data acquisition experiments. The Interactive Data Acquisition Tool, IDAT, is a high-level, simplified user interface for the nonprogrammer.

#### NOTE

The level of sophistication attained by an IDAT user is directly dependent on the user's understanding of the various components of the VAXlab Software Library, VSL.

This guide assumes a basic understanding of computer concepts and an extensive knowledge of laboratory data acquisition and experiment control concepts.

#### **Document Structure**

The Guide to the Interactive Data Acquisition Tool provides an overview of IDAT, including the I/O devices supported for use with IDAT, and detailed information about how to use IDAT to perform data input, analog-to-digital (A/D) data analysis, data plotting, disk storage, and digital-to-analog (D/A) output.

Chapter Number Contents Chapter 1 Provides an overview of the IDAT software, including the supported I/O devices and operations. Chapter 1 also explains how to begin and end an IDAT session, how to complete menus and data entry screens, and how to recover from error conditions. Chapter 2 Describes the IDAT menus and data entry screens. Chapter 3 Provides step-by-step procedures for using IDAT to perform input, analysis, and output operations with all I/O devices. Chapter 4 Presents a sample IDAT session. Appendix A Explains how to convert IDAT-created ASCII files to RS/1 tables. Appendix B Describes file header format for input to IDAT.

The document is divided into four chapters and one appendix:

## **Associated Documents**

In addition to this guide, the VAXlab documentation set includes the following guides:

- The VAXlab Master Index contains index entries from all documents in the VAXlab documentation set.
- The VAXlab Installation Guide details how to install the VAXlab software.

• Getting Started with VAXlab is your introduction to the VAXlab system and application software. This document describes the optional hardware you can configure in a VAXlab system, the VAXlab software, and the related software you need to use with your VAXlab system, such as VAX GKS and a high-level programming language.

This document also describes MANAGER, an interactive, menudriven utility you can use to perform routine system management tasks. Lastly, this document presents guidelines for developing application programs with VAXlab and considerations specific to programming languages, such as array dimensioning and declaring variables and data types.

- The Guide to the VAXlab Laboratory I/O Routines provides a comprehensive overview of the LIO facility, and explains how to initiate, control, and terminate I/O to and from VAXlab I/O devices.
- The Guide to the VAXlab Laboratory Graphics Package describes how to specify plotting attributes and how to plot real-time data or data produced by calculations in two dimensions, three dimensions, and two-dimensional contours from a three-dimensional view.
- The Guide to the VAXlab Signal-Processing Routines describes how to use the signal-processing routines to perform Fourier transforms, correlation functions, and filtering of data.

The following is a list of associated software documents to reference for additional information about programming concepts and techniques not covered in this guide.

• The Laboratory Interfacing Handbook presents detailed descriptions of laboratory I/O concepts. If you are unfamiliar with laboratory data acquistion and control techniques, such as instruments, signals, and interfaces, or if you require additional information about computers, I/O hardware, or applications, read this handbook before you begin using the VAXlab system.

- The VAX GKS Reference Manual, Volume I and Volume II provide detailed information about advanced graphics programming concepts and techniques.
- The VAX Realtime User's Guide describes those features of VAX systems which pertain to real-time applications in scientific and industrial settings. If you are unfamiliar with VAX systems, read this guide before you begin using the VAXlab system.

The following is a list of associated hardware documents to reference for additional information about the optional I/O devices not covered in this guide.

- ADQ32 A/D Module User's Guide
- AXV11-C/KWV11-C Analog Module and Real-Time Clock Module
- DRB32 Technical Manual
- DRQ3B Parallel DMA I/O Module User's Guide
- DRV11-J Parallel Line Interface User's Guide
- DRV11-WA General Purpose DMA Interface User's Guide
- IEU11-A/IEQ11-A User's Guide
- Q-bus DMA Analog System User's Guide
- Universal Data Interface Panel Reference Card

## Conventions

The *Guide to the VAXlab Interactive Data Acquisition Tool* uses the following documentation conventions:

Convention	Meaning
Italics	Words or phrases appearing in <i>italics</i> indicate referencing of an associated document.
Bold	A boldface word or phrase indicates emphasis on an important concept or word.
RETURN	Press the key labeled Return on the terminal keyboard.
CTRL/x	Press the key labeled <b>CTRL</b> on the terminal keyboard while simultaneously pressing the "x" key. Here "x" is either C, T, W, or Y.
"Double quotes"	Double quotes enclose screen prompts and instructions when they appear in text.
DOWNARROW	Press the key labeled $\downarrow$ on the terminal keyboard. Pressing DOWNARROW moves you forward from option to option on scroll-and-select menus and data entry screens, and from data entry field to data entry field on multiple input data entry screens.
UPARROW	Press the key labeled $\uparrow$ on the terminal keyboard. Pressing UPARROW moves you backward from option to option on scroll-and-select menus and data entry screens, and from data entry field to data entry field on multiple input data entry screens.

# Chapter 1 Introduction to IDAT

This chapter is your introduction to the Interactive Data Acquisition Tool, IDAT. It describes the capabilities of IDAT, the I/O devices you can use with IDAT, the types of user interfaces provided by IDAT, and the appropriate data entry conventions you use to communicate with IDAT.

Read the information contained in this chapter carefully before you begin using IDAT.

#### 1.1 IDAT Overview

IDAT is a high-level, simplified user interface to VAXlab for the nonprogrammer. Through IDAT, you communicate with VAXlab through a series of screen forms to obtain, analyze, store, retrieve, and output data. You can use IDAT:

- To perform interactive input, A/D data analysis, and output operations
- As a testing tool to ensure that the devices and software configured in your VAXlab system are installed and working properly before you begin writing application programs using the VAXlab Software Library
- As a learning tool to become familiar with some of the functions and capabilities of the VAXlab Software Library

### 1.2 Data Devices

IDAT supports a subset of the I/O devices available for use with the VAXIab Laboratory I/O (LIO) facility. You can use the following I/O devices with IDAT:

- AAV11-D, a two-channel digital-to-analog converter with direct memory access capability
- ADQ32, a 200 kHz, 32-channel, analog-to-digital converter with an on-board clock
- ADV11-D, a 16-channel analog-to-digital converter
- AXV11-C, a combination board containing one 16-channel analogto-digital converter and two digital-to-analog converters
- DRB32, a 32-bit, parallel I/O port for the VAXBI bus.
- DRQ3B, a 16-bit, parallel interface I/O board
- DRV11-J, a parallel interface I/O board with four separate 16-bit ports
- DRV11-WA, a 16-bit parallel interface I/O board with direct memory access capability
- Disk files, input and output binary formatted LIO files
- KWV11-C, a real-time clock module
- Preston/DRB32W interface, a 1024-channel analog-to-digital converter
- Preston/DRQ3B interface, a 1024-channel analog-to-digital converter
- Preston/DRV11-WA interface, a 1024-channel analog-to-digital converter

Chapter 3, Using IDAT for Data Input, Analysis, and Output, describes the steps you take to perform I/O using these devices.

For detailed information about these devices and about the LIO facility, see the *Guide to the VAXlab Laboratory I/O Routines*.

#### 1.3 Data Translation

IDAT uses both of the data translation routines available through the Laboratory Signal-Processing (LSP) Routines. IDAT uses the LSP\$FORMAT\_TRANSLATE\_ADC routine to translate data input from an analog-to-digital converter (ADC). This routine converts a 16-bit word buffer to a 32-bit floating-point buffer containing the result of the translation in units of voltage. The precision of the data points is controlled by the value of the channel gain argument passed to the LSP\$FORMAT\_TRANSLATE routine.

IDAT uses the LSP\$FORMAT\_TRANSLATE\_DAC routine to translate data that is to be output to a digital-to-analog converter (DAC). This routine converts a 32-bit floating-point buffer containing the data in units of voltage to a 16-bit word buffer containing the data values to be output to the DAC.

All data translation takes place internally within IDAT. This means that it is transparent to the user. The user does not need to specify the data translation, and the user does not see the data translation occur.

For detailed information about the signal-processing routines, see the *Guide to the VAXlab Signal-Processing Routines*.

#### 1.4 Data Analysis

IDAT supports a subset of the data analysis capabilities available through the Laboratory Signal-Processing Routines. Using IDAT, you can calculate the power spectrum of one channel of A/D data.

To perform a power spectrum, IDAT uses the LSP\$FFT\_REAL routine to calculate the forward Fourier transform of the data. Then, IDAT uses the complex output from the LSP\$FFT\_REAL routine as input to the LSP\$POWER\_SPECTRUM routine. The LSP\$POWER\_SPECTRUM routine actually calculates the power spectrum and outputs the data points in 32-bit floating-point format. Chapter 3, Using IDAT for Data Input, Analysis, and Output, describes the steps you take to analyze data using IDAT.

#### NOTE

You cannot use IDAT to perform only a Fourier tranform. The calculation of the power spectrum of one channel of data is the only data analysis operation that IDAT currently supports. Because the complex output from the LSP\$FFT\_REAL routine is required as input to the LSP\$POWER\_SPECTRUM routine, IDAT must perform the forward Fourier transform before calculating the power spectrum.

For detailed information about the signal-processing routines, see the *Guide to the VAXlab Signal-Processing Routines*.

#### 1.5 Data Plotting

IDAT supports a subset of the plotting capabilities available through the Laboratory Graphics Package (LGP). Using IDAT, you can produce:

- a line plot of data from one A/D channel
- additional line plots of data from all A/D channels on the same graph

IDAT uses the LGP\$PLOT routine to create the axis system, including axis labeling, and axis annotation, and plots the initial data. Then, IDAT uses the LGP\$PLOTM routine to plot the data from the other A/D channels on the same graph.

Before you can use IDAT to plot data, you must define the logical names GKS\$WSTYPE and GKS\$CONID appropriately for your terminal type and plotting output device, respectively. The logical name GKS\$WSTYPE defines the workstation type. The logical name GKS\$CONID defines the serial port through which an external output device, such as a plotter, is connected to the MicroVAX. Usually, an external hardcopy device is connected to a serial port on the back of a MicroVAX which is already defined as CSA0. However, if additional serial ports are available, you need to define the port name. If you define GKS\$CONID to be TT, all output is directed to the terminal screen. The following table lists the plotting output devices supported by VAXlab and their corresponding workstation types (GKS\$WSTYPE).

Terminals	GKS\$WSTYPE	Printers and Plotters	GKS\$WSTYPE
TEKTRONIX 4014	72	HP7550	53
TEKTRONIX 4107	82	LA12	33
VAXstation II	41	LA34	31
VAXstation/GPX	41	LA50	32
VT125 (BW)	12	LA75	32
VT125 (color)	11	LA100	31
VT240	14	LA210	34
VT241	13	LCP01	15
VT330	16	LN03 Plus	38
VT340	17	LN03R	61
		LPS40	61
		LVP16 (8-1/2x11)	51
		LVP16 (11x17)	52

Table 1–1: VAXIab Plotting Devices and Workstation Types

You can define these logical names in one of the following ways:

Using DEFINE statements in your LOGIN.COM file similar to the following:

```
$! The following command line defines GKS$WSTYPE as a VT240 terminal
$ DEFINE GKS$WSTYPE 14
$!
$! The following command line defines GKS$CONID as TT. All plotting
$! output is directed to the terminal screen.
$ DEFINE GKS$CONID TT:
```

- Defining the logical names in a command file available to the group which is called from your LOGIN.COM file
- Placing the logical name definitions in the system logical name tables

If you are unfamiliar with login command files or system logical name tables, see your System Manager.

Chapter 3, Using IDAT for Data Input, Analysis, and Output, describes the steps you take to plot data using IDAT. For detailed information about the plotting routines, see the *Guide to the VAXlab Laboratory Graphics Package*.

#### 1.6 Beginning an IDAT Session

To begin an IDAT **session**, you run, or execute, the IDAT software by entering the following command line after the DCL prompt:

SIDAT RETURN

IDAT displays the Main Menu and is ready to begin accepting information.

An IDAT session comprises all input, analysis, and output operations IDAT performs from the time you run IDAT until the time you exit IDAT. The procedures you use to end an IDAT session, or exit IDAT, are described in Section 1.12, Exiting IDAT.

A **pass** through IDAT is defined as a traversal of those menus and data entry screens that you complete to perform one input, one analysis, or one output operation. Each pass through IDAT begins with the IDAT Main Menu and ends when IDAT completes the operation and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 1.7 Reading Data into the Internal Buffer

IDAT maintains an internal buffer where it stores the data it uses to perform input, analysis, and output operations. When you begin an IDAT session, the internal buffer is empty. You must perform an input operation first to read data into the internal buffer. IDAT does not allow you to continue until the internal buffer contains data.

Once the internal buffer contains data, you can perform another input operation, which overwrites the current contents of the internal buffer, or you can perform an analysis or an output operation. If you perform a power spectrum on the input data, IDAT passes the contents of the internal buffer to the appropriate VSL routines, and returns the results of the power spectrum to the internal buffer. In this case, the original input data is replaced, or overwritten, by the results of the power spectrum. This data remains in the internal buffer until it is overwritten



by new input data or until you exit IDAT. When you exit IDAT, all data contained in the internal buffer is deleted.

When you perform an output operation, IDAT outputs the data contained in the internal buffer to the output device, but also maintains this data in the internal buffer until it is overwritten by new data or until you exit IDAT.

When you want to store data contained in the internal buffer for analysis or plotting later on, output the data to a disk file. See Section 3.3.3, Using a Disk File for Data Output, in this guide for information about the steps you take to store data in a disk file.

#### 1.8 Using the Screen Forms Interface

The IDAT screen forms interface consists of:

- Scroll-and-select menus from which you select one of several displayed options.
- Scroll-and-select data entry screens from which you select one of several displayed options.
- Multiple input data entry screens on which you accept default values supplied by IDAT, or enter values of your own.

Section 1.8.1, Selecting Options from Scroll-and-Select Menus and Data Entry Screens, briefly discusses IDAT scroll-and-select menu and data entry screens and the conventions you use to select options from them. Section 1.8.2, Completing Multiple Input Data Entry Screens, briefly discusses IDAT multiple input data entry screens and the conventions you use to accept the default values supplied by IDAT or to supply values of your own.

Chapter 2, IDAT Menu and Data Entry Screen Descriptions, presents the IDAT menu and data entry screens and further describes them.

#### 1.8.1 Selecting Options from Scroll-and-Select Menus and Data Entry Screens

IDAT scroll-and-select menus and data entry screens consist of a list of options, or choices, from which you select one option. When IDAT displays one of these screens, the cursor is positioned at the first option on the menu. The option on which the cursor is positioned is always displayed in reverse video. To select the first option, simply press RETURN. IDAT responds by displaying the next in the series.

To select a different option, use <u>DOWNARROW</u> to scroll down the list of options until the option you want to select is displayed in reverse video, then press <u>RETURN</u>. While using <u>DOWNARROW</u>, you may accidentally scroll past the option you want to select, or you may change your mind and want to select a previous option. Then, you can use <u>UPARROW</u> to scroll back to the option you want to select.

Once you select an option from a scroll-and-select menu or data entry screen, IDAT moves you to the next menu or data entry screen in the series. To move back to a previously completed menu or data entry screen, use the PF3 key. Pressing PF3 moves you backwards from one screen to another until you return to the menu or data entry screen on which you want to enter new information.

Figure 1–1 shows the layout of the IDAT scroll-and-select menus and data entry screens.



IDAT	Scr	oll and	Select	Screen	Title	Window
Me	enu option	1				
Me	enu option	2				
	•					
	•					
	•					
	•					
Me	enu Option	n				
Error Wi	ndow					

#### 1.8.2 Completing Multiple Input Data Entry Screens

IDAT multiple input data entry screens consist of **prompts**, **data entry fields**, and **instructions**. Prompts and data entry fields are grouped in pairs and function together. A prompt is a label that describes the type of information you enter in the data entry field appearing after or beneath the prompt. Data entry fields expecting numeric values appear after the prompt. Data entry fields expecting character string values appear beneath the prompt. Instructions, which appear near the bottom of data entry screens, are sentences that tell you what to do after you enter or accept the values on a data entry screen. The most common instruction is "Press return to continue." Figure 1–2 shows a picture of a generic IDAT data entry screen.

All data entry fields on an IDAT screen form contain default values supplied by IDAT that are used if you do not supply values in place of the default values. If the default value displayed in a data entry field is acceptable, you can accept the default value and move to the next data entry field by pressing **RETURN** or **DOWNARROW**. If you want to enter a new value in place of the default value, simply enter the new value in the data entry field, and press **RETURN**. As you enter the new value, it overwrites the default value. If the new value you enter is invalid, IDAT displays an error message in the error window at the bottom of the screen, and allows you to reenter an acceptable value. See Section 1.10, Interpreting and Correcting Errors, for detailed information about recovering from IDAT errors.

If you accept a default value or enter a new value and move past a data entry field, you can move back to the data entry value by using DOWNARROW. Then, simply enter the new value in the field. Press RETURN, or press either DOWNARROW or UPARROW to move to the next field you want to change, if any.

#### NOTE

The default values supplied by IDAT are displayed on data entry screens at the beginning of each IDAT session. These values remain the default values for the current IDAT session if you do not change them. If you overwrite any of the default values, the new values you enter are displayed as the default values for a subsequent pass through IDAT during the current IDAT session. To reset the default values supplied by IDAT, you can either reenter them in the appropriate data entry fields, or you can exit IDAT and begin a new IDAT session. IDAT displays the "Press return to continue." instruction near the bottom the data entry screen. Pressing **RETURN** after this prompt enters the parameter values into IDAT, completes the screen, and moves you to the next screen in the series.

Once you complete a multiple input data entry screen, IDAT moves you to the next data entry screen in the series. To move back to a previously completed menu or data entry screen, use PF3. Pressing PF3 moves you backwards from one screen to another until you return to menu or data entry screen on which you want to enter new information.

When you complete all the data entry screens in a series, IDAT runs the VSL routines associated with the operation you specified by your selection from the IDAT Main Menu. When the VSL routines complete execution, IDAT returns you to the Main Menu. You can then select to continue by entering another Main Menu option, or you can exit IDAT by selecting the EXIT option.

Figure 1–2 shows the layout of IDAT multiple input data entry screens.

#### Figure 1-2: Multiple Input Data Entry Screen Layout

нı 		SCrOL	and	561601	Screel	n iitie	WINDOW		
	Prompt:	Data	entry	field	where	default	, value	appears	]
	Prompt:	Data	entry	field	where	default	value	appears	
	•								
	•								
	•								
	Prompt:	Data	entry	field	where	default	value	appears	
	Press re	eturn 1	to con	tinue					

#### 1.9 Getting Help

IDAT contains a VMS-style on-line help facility that you can access by:

- Selecting the HELP option from the IDAT Main Menu.
- Pressing the PF2 key.

If you are at the IDAT Main Menu, select the HELP option to access the help facility. If you are in the middle of a pass through IDAT, simply press PF2 on the auxiliary keypad to access the help facility. You do not need to return to the Main Menu to get help.

Take the following steps to access and use the IDAT help facility:

1. Select the HELP option from the IDAT Main Menu or press the PF2 key.

IDAT displays a list of the types or categories of help information available and the "Topic?" prompt, for example:

Information available:

Control\_keys Devices Files Input\_screens Nenus Plotting\_data Special Topic?

 Enter the type of information you need after the "Topic?" prompt. IDAT displays a help screen containing information about that topic or category. If additional information is available for the topic, IDAT displays the "Subtopic?" prompt, for example:

Topic? Devices RETURN

DEVICES

IDAT supports various types of devices including: parallel, analog-to-digital, and digital-to-analog converters. Enter the device name for general information on that device. For more specific information look in the VSL manual.

Additional information available:

AAF01AAV11-DADF01ADQ32ADV11-DAMF01ASF01AXV11-CDRB32DRQ11-CDRQ3BDRV11-JDRV11-WAIAV11-AIAV11-AAIAV11-BIAV11-CIAV11-CAIDV11-AIDV11-BIDV11-CIDV11-DKWV11-CPreston\_devices

DEVICES Subtopic?

3. If you require specific information about device, enter the device name after the "DEVICES Subtopic?" prompt. IDAT displays a help screen containing information about that device, for example:

```
DEVICES Subtopic? AAV11-D RETURN

DEVICES

AAV11-D

The AAV11-D is a 2 channel digital-to-analog converter,

capable of operating at 250-kHz.

DEVICE Subtopic? RETURN

Topic? RETURN
```

4. Press RETURN after the "Subtopic?" prompt to redisplay the "Topic?" prompt. Press RETURN after the "Topic?" prompt to return to the menu or data entry screen from which you accessed the help facility.

### 1.10 Interpreting and Correcting Errors

If you incorrectly enter information on a data entry screen, IDAT displays an **error message** in the **error window** comprising the last three lines of each data entry screen. An error message tells you that IDAT cannot accept the information you entered in a data entry field and why it cannot accept it.

Typically, IDAT displays error messages when one of the following occurs:

- A parameter value entry is invalid
- A device is already attached
- A device timeout occurred
- The I/O driver for a device is not loaded
- An I/O error occurred during the execution of VSL routines

If IDAT displays an error message indicating that a parameter value entry is invalid, the error message also includes guidelines for entering an acceptable value, for example:

Channel gain value must be 1, 2, 4, or 8

If you enter a value other than 1, 2, 4, or 8 in response to the "Enter channel gain:" prompt, IDAT displays the error message shown above. IDAT overwrites your value with the IDAT default value. The cursor remains positioned in the data entry field until you enter an acceptable value or accept the default value. The value contained in the data entry field must be acceptable before IDAT allows you to continue.

If IDAT displays the "device already attached" error message, this means that another user is currently using the device. Wait several minutes and try your operation again.

If IDAT displays a timeout error, your sampling time was greater than 65,535 seconds, or the device was waiting for a trigger that did not occur.

If IDAT displays the "driver not loaded" error message, this means that either the device is not configured in your VAXlab system, or the device is not configured properly. See your system manager to determine the exact cause for this error.

If IDAT displays the "I/O error" message, this means that an internal error was encountered when the VSL routines began execution to perform the operation. See your system manager to determine the exact cause for this error.

For more information about these errors and other I/O errors that might occur, see the *Guide to the VAXlab Laboratory I/O Routines*.

## 1.11 Using the Control Keys

IDAT supports the use of certain control keys during its execution. Table 1–2 lists the control keys you can use from within IDAT, and briefly describes the function each control key performs.

Table 1–2: IDAT-Supported Control Keys

Control Key	Description
CTRL/C	Interrupts IDAT during execution and returns control to DCL level. Use this control key to return to DCL level
	at any point during an IDAT session. Press RETURN to redisplay the DCL prompt.
CTRL/T	Displays information about the current state of the running process, such as CPU time used.
CTRL/W	Refreshes the terminal screen. Use this control key to redraw the current screen minus any distortions that may have been displayed on the screen unexpectedly, such as the display of a broadcast message.
CTRL/Y	Interrupts IDAT during execution and returns control to DCL level. Use this control key to return to DCL level at any point during an IDAT session. Press <b>RETURN</b> to redisplay the DCL prompt.

#### 1.12 Exiting IDAT

You can exit IDAT by doing one of the following:

- Returning to the IDAT Main Menu and selecting the EXIT option. IDAT displays a screen containing the "Do you really want to exit?" prompt. Press RETURN after this prompt to exit IDAT. Enter N (for No) to continue the IDAT session. IDAT responds by redisplaying the Main Menu.
- Entering <u>CTRL/Y</u> to stop the execution of IDAT at any time. Then, press <u>RETURN</u> to redisplay the cursor and the DCL prompt. If the cursor is redisplayed in reverse video, enter the SET TERMINAL/INQUIRE command to return the cursor display to normal.

Exiting IDAT:

- resets the terminal, if set-up characteristics were changed by IDAT to perform an operation such as plotting,
- clears the screen
- frees up virtual memory allocated by the current internal buffer
- returns control to DCL level

U

Ũ

# Chapter 2 IDAT Menu and Data Entry Screen Descriptions

This chapter briefly describes the IDAT menus and data entry screens.

## 2.1 Menu Screen Descriptions

The IDAT software contains the following four menu screens:

- Main Menu
- Input Source
- Data Analysis
- Output Destination

The conventions you use to make selections from the IDAT menus are described in Section 1.8.1, Selecting Options from Scroll-and-Select Menus and Data Entry Screens. Sections 2.1.1 through 2.1.4 describe the IDAT menus.

#### 2.1.1 The Main Menu Screen

You begin each IDAT session at the Main Menu. You select the operation you want to perform during each pass through IDAT directly from the Main Menu. After you perform each operation, the IDAT software returns you to the Main Menu, unless you exit IDAT during an operation by entering CTRL/C or CTRL/Y.

Figure 2–1 shows the IDAT Main Menu.

#### Figure 2-1: Main Menu Screen

IDAT		Main Menu	
	INPUT		
	ANALYZE	DATA	
	OUTPUT		
	HELP		
	EXIT		

#### 2.1.2 The Input Source Menu

When you select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu, IDAT displays the Input Source menu. From the Input Source menu, you select the I/O device you want to use for data input.

This list of input source options appearing on the Input Source Menu screen is longer that than actual screen display. To view addition input source options, press **DOWNARROW** to move the cursor to the last option appearing on the menu. Then, press **DOWNARROW** again to view the next option in the series, and so on.

Figure 2-2 shows the Input Source Menu screen before you use the downarrow key to scroll the bottom of the list into view. Figure 2-3 shows the Input Source Menu screen after you use the downarrow key to scroll the bottom of the list into view.



IDAT	INPUT SOURCE MENU
ADQ32	
ADV11-	-D
AXV11-	-c
DRB32	
DRQ3B	
DRV11-	L.
DRV11-	WA
FILE	

2-4 IDAT Menu and Data Entry Screen Descriptions
# Figure 2–3: Input Source Menu after Scrolling

IDAT		INPUT SOURCE MENU			
	DRQ3B				
	DRV11-J				
	DRV11-WA				
	FILE				
	KWV11-C				
	PRESTON	(DRB32W)			
	PRESTON	(DRQ3B)			
	PRESTON	(DRV11-WA)			

# 2.1.3 The Data Analysis Menu

When you select the ANALYZE DATA option from the IDAT Main Menu, IDAT displays the Data Analysis Menu. From the Data Analysis Menu, you select the POWER SPECTRUM option.<sup>1</sup>

Figure 2-4 shows the Data Analysis Menu screen.

#### Figure 2-4: Data Analysis Menu Screen

IDAT	DATA ANALYSIS MENU	
POWER	SPECTRUM	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Power spectrum is the only data analysis operation currently supported by this version of IDAT. Future versions of IDAT may support additional data analysis operations.

### 2.1.4 The Output Destination Menu

When you select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu, IDAT displays the Output Destination Menu. From the Output Destination menu, you select the device, file, or plotting operation to which IDAT outputs the data.

This list of output destination options appearing on the Output Destination Menu screen is longer that than actual screen display. To view addition output destination options, press <u>DOWNARROW</u> to move the cursor to the last option appearing on the menu. Then, press <u>DOWNARROW</u> again to view the next option in the list, and so on.

Figure 2-5 shows the Output Destination Menu screen before you use the downarrow key to scroll the bottom of the list into view. Figure 2-6 shows the Output Destination Menu screen after you use the downarrow key to scroll the bottom of the list into view.

IDAT	1	UTPUT DE	STINATION	1ENU	
·	AAV11-D				
	AXV11-C				
	DRB32				
	DRQ3B				
	DRV11-J				
	DRV11-WA				
	FILE				
	MULTIPLE	CHANNEL	PLOT		

### Figure 2-5: Output Destination Menu before Scrolling

### Figure 2–6: Output Destination Menu after Scrolling

IDAT		OUTPUT DESTINATION MENU				
	DRB32					
	DRQ3B					
	DRV11-J					
	DRV11-WA					
	FILE					
	MULTIPL	E CHANNEL PLOT				
	RS/1 FI	LE				
	SINGLE	CHANNEL PLOT				

# 2.2 Data Entry Screen Descriptions

The following sections present the IDAT data entry screens. The sections are arranged in alphabetical order for ease of use. Each section presents a brief description of the screen and a sample image, or picture, of the screen.

#### NOTE

Please note that certain screens are used with more than one input or output device. The default values on these screens may differ depending upon the device you are using.

# 2.2.1 A/D Samples and Channels Screen

The A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen is one in a series of data entry screens you complete to specify your data input parameters for the ADQ32, AXV11-C A/D, and Preston devices. Using this screen, you select the number of channels from which IDAT reads data, and the number of samples, or data points, IDAT reads from each channel. You also specify the first channel from which IDAT reads data.

IDAT reads the data from sequential A/D channels. For example, if you specify 5 A/D channels for use, beginning at channel 2, IDAT reads data from channels 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. If the first channel is not less than or equal to the number of A/D channels on the device minus the number of A/D channels selected for use, an error is generated. For example, if you want to use 16 of the 32 A/D channels on the ADQ32 device, the beginning channel must be less than or equal to 16.

Be aware of the number of A/D channels on your device and select values for the number of channels and the first channel appropriately.

For the ADQ32 and AXV11-C A/D devices, you also specify the amount of amplification, or gain, applied to each channel used.

Figure 2-7 shows the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen.

# Figure 2–7: A/D Samples and Channels Screen

IDAT A/D SAMPLES AND CHANN	ELS
Enter number of samples per channel:	100
Enter number of channels:	1
Enter first channel:	0
Enter channel gain:	1
Press return to continue	

# 2.2.2 A/D Samples and Channel Gains Screen

The A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNEL GAINS screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify data input parameters for the ADV11-D device. Using this screen, you select the number of samples IDAT reads from the A/D channel you selected to use. You also select the amount of amplification, or gain, applied to the channel.

Figure 2-8 shows the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNEL GAINS screen.

#### Figure 2–8: A/D Samples and Channel Gains Screen

IDAT	A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNEL GAINS
Enter number o	f samples per channel: 100
Enter channel	gain: 1
Press return t	o continue



# 2.2.3 ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection Screen

The ADQ32 TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify input parameters for the ADQ32 device. Using this screen, you specify how data transfers from the device are triggered.

Figure 2–9 shows the ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection screen before you use the downarrow key to scroll the bottom of the list into view. Figure 2–10 shows the ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection screen after you use the downarrow key to scroll the bottom of the list into view.

#### Figure 2-9: ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection Screen before Scrolling

IDAT		TRIGGER	MODE SELECTION	
	Burst po	oint		
	Clock p	oint		
	External	l point		
	Burst po	pint,	Sweep clock sweep	
	Clock pe	pint,	Sweep clock sweep	
	Burst po	pint,	External sweep	
	Clock p	oint,	External sweep	
	Burst p	oint,		External start

IDAT TRIGGER MODE SELECTION Burst point, Sweep clock sweep Clock point, Sweep clock sweep Burst point, External sweep Clock point, External sweep Burst point, External start Clock point, external start Burst point, Sweep clock sweep External start Clock point, Sweep clock sweep External start

Figure 2–10: ADQ32 Trigger Mode Selection Screen after Scrolling

### 2.2.4 Axes Labels Screen

The AXES LABELS screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify output parameters for single channel and multiple channel plots. Using this screen, you specify a title for the graph and labels for the x and y axes.

Figure 2-11 shows the AXES LABELS screen.

Figure 2–11: Axes Labels Screen

IDAT		MULTIPLE PLOT
		AXES LABELS
	Main	Title:
Voltage v	/s_Tim	
<b>T</b> !	X-ax	is label:
lime	ic label'	
Voltage	I-ax	IS TAUET.
Press Car	rriage	return to continue
	•	

# 2.2.5 Autoscaling Option Screen

The AUTOSCALING OPTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify output parameters for single channel and multiple channel plots. Using this screen, you specify whether IDAT uses the autoscaling algorithm to label the x and y axes.

Figure 2-12 shows the AUTOSCALING OPTION screen.

#### Figure 2–12: Autoscaling Option Screen



# 2.2.6 Bit Precision Specification Screen

The BIT PRECISION SPECIFICATION screen is one of the series of data entry screens you complete to specify parameters for Preston series device. Using this screen, you specify the number of bits of precision contained in your Preston device.

Figure 2-13 shows the BIT PRECISION SPECIFICATION screen.

#### Figure 2–13: Bit Precision Specification Screen

IDAT	BIT	PRECISION	SPECIFICATION
14 b	it		
16 b	it		
			·

# 2.2.7 Channel Number Selection Screen

The CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen is one of the series of data entry screens you need to complete to specify parameters for the ADV11-D device. Using this screen, you specify the number of the A/D channel on the ADV11-D device from which IDAT is to read data.

Figure 2-14 shows the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen.

### Figure 2–14: Channel Number Selection Screen

IDAT	CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION
Enter channel	number: 0

# 2.2.8 Clock Function Selection Screen

The CLOCK FUNCTION SELECTION is one of the series of data entry screens you need to complete to specify parameters for the KWV11-C device. Using this screen, you select the event-timing function the KWV11-C device is to perform.

Figure 2-15 shows the CLOCK FUNCTION SELECTION screen.

# Figure 2–15: Clock Function Selection Screen

IDAT	CLOCK FUNCTION SELECTION
EVE	NT TIMER, ABSOLUTE TIME
EVE	NT TIMER, RELATIVE TIME

## 2.2.9 Clock Rate Selection Screen

The CLOCK RATE SELECTION is one of the series of data entry screens you need to complete to specify parameters for the AAV11-D, ADV11-D, and AXV11-C devices. This screen is displayed only when the KWV11-C clock module is selected to trigger data transfers. Using this screen, you select the rate of the KWV11-C clock.

Figure 2–16 shows the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen.

#### Figure 2–16: Clock Rate Selection Screen

IDAT	CLOCK RATE SELECTION
,,, <b></b> , <b>-</b> , <b></b>	
Enter cloc	rate: 10000.000000

## 2.2.10 Clock Source Selection Screen

The CLOCK SOURCE SELECTION screen is one of the series of data entry screens you need to complete to specify parameters for the KWV11-C device. Using this screen, you specify the source for KWV11-C clock ticks.

Figure 2–17 shows the CLOCK SOURCE SELECTION screen.

### Figure 2–17: Clock Source Selection Screen



# 2.2.11 Clock Trigger Selection Screen

The CLOCK TRIGGER SELECTION screen is one of the series of data entry screens you need to complete to specify parameters for the KWV11-C device. Using this screen, you select the trigger source for the KWV11-C clock.

Figure 2–18 shows the CLOCK TRIGGER SELECTION screen.

#### Figure 2–18: Clock Trigger Selection Screen

IDAT	CLOCK TRIGGER SELECTION
Sof	tware Start
Sta	rt on Schmitt trigger

# 2.2.12 Data Length Specification Screen

The DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify data acquisition parameters for the DRQ3B, DRV11-J, and DRV11-WA devices. Using this screen, you specify the number of data points IDAT is to input from the device.

Figure 2–19 shows the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen.

#### Figure 2–19: Data Length Specification Screen

IDAT	DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION
Enter numbe	of data points: 1

# 2.2.13 File Name Specification Screen

The FILE NAME SPECIFICATION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify the name of a file which IDAT is to use for disk file input or output, and for output to an RS/1 file. Using this screen, you specify the name of the file.

Figure 2-20 shows the FILE NAME SPECIFICATION screen.

#### Figure 2–20: File Name Specification Screen

IDAT	FILE NAME SPECIFICATION	
Enter fil OUTPUT.DA	e name: T	

### 2.2.14 Handshake Enable/Disable Screen

The HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify parameters for the DRV11-J device. Using this screen, you software-enable or disable the DRV11-J's two-wire handshaking feature.

To transfer more than one data point per buffer, the DRV11-J hardware must be jumpered for a two-wire handshake. The setting of jumper W11 on the DRV11-J board determines whether the two-wire handshaking feature is hardware-enabled. See the DRV11-J Parallel Line Interface User's Guide for information about how to jumper the DRV11-J device appropriately for your needs.

When handshaking is hardware-enabled, you can use the HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE screen to software-enable or disable the use of the handshaking feature. Handshaking must be both hardware- and software-enabled to transfer more than one data point per buffer.

Figure 2–21 shows the HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE screen.



### Figure 2–21: Handshake Enable/Disable Screen

IDAT	HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE
HANDSHA	KING ON
HANDSHA	KING OFF

### 2.2.15 Input Channel Selection Screen

The INPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify input parameters for the ADV11-D device. Using this screen, you select the number of A/D channels on the ADV11-D device from which you want IDAT to read data.

Figure 2-22 shows the INPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen.

### Figure 2–22: Input Channel Selection Screen



### 2.2.16 Multiple Channel Input Selection

The MULTIPLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify output parameters for the AAV11-D and AXV11-C D/A devices. You can output to the AAV11-D or AXV11-C the data collected from only two of the A/D channels on your input device. You must select channels that were used for input. Using this screen, you select these channel numbers.

Figure 2–23 shows the MULTIPLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen.

#### Figure 2-23: Multiple Channel Input Selection Screen

IDAT	MULTIPLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION
Enton finst in	aut deuige channel suchers' A
Chier first in	de devide channel humber. V
Enter second in	nput device channel number: 0



# 2.2.17 Output Channel Selection Screen

The OUTPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify output parameters for the AXV11-C D/A device. Using this screen, you select the AXV11-C D/A channel or channels to which you want IDAT to output the data.

Figure 2-24 shows the OUTPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen.

### Figure 2-24: Output Channel Selection Screen



# 2.2.18 Point Size Specification Screen

The POINT SIZE SPECIFICATION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify input parameters for the DRB32 device. Using this screen, you specify the width of the DRB32's parallel data path.

Figure 2-25 shows the POINT SIZE SPECIFICATION screen.

#### Figure 2–25: Point Size Specification Screen



## 2.2.19 Port Specification Screen

The PORT SPECIFICATION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify input parameters for the DRV11-J device. Using this screen, you select the DRV11-J port from which you want IDAT to read the data.

Figure 2-26 shows the PORT SPECIFICATION screen.

#### Figure 2–26: Port Specification Screen

IDAT	PORT SPECIFICATION	
Lnter port	number: V	

### 2.2.20 Preston Trigger Mode Selection Screen

The PRESTON TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify parameters for Prestonseries A/D devices. Using this screen, you select how data transfers from the device are triggered.

Figure 2-27 shows the PRESTON TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

#### Figure 2–27: Preston Trigger Mode Selection Screen

Т	mmediate start one channel sween per clock tick
I	mmediate start one point per external trigger
E	xternal start one point per clock tick
Ε	xternal start one channel sweep per internal clock tick
Ε	xternal start one point per external trigger
Ε	xternal start one channel sweep per external trigger

2-32 IDAT Menu and Data Entry Screen Descriptions

### 2.2.21 Single Channel Input Selection

The SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen is one of a series of screens you complete to specify output parameters for the AAV11-D and AXV11-C D/A devices. You also need to complete this screen to produce a single channel plot or to calculate a power spectrum when the internal buffer contains data from more than one input channel.

Using this screen, you select the channel number of the one A/D channel on the input device that you want IDAT to output to either the AAV11-D or AXV11-C D/A devices, to produce as a single channel plot, or to calculate the power spectrum of the data. The channel you select must have been used for input.

Figure 2-28 shows the SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen.

IDAT	SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION
<b>-</b>	
Enter in	put device channel number: 0
<b>.</b>	



# 2.2.22 Start Data Input Screen

The START DATA INPUT screen is the last in a series of data entry screens you complete to specify parameters for all input devices. The parameter values you entered on previous screens in the series are collected and passed to the VSL routines that are executed to perform the input operation. The actual execution of the VSL routines does not begin until you complete the START DATA INPUT screen.

#### Figure 2–29: Start Data Input Screen

IDAT	START DATA INPUT	
ress retur	n to start input:	

# 2.2.23 Start Data Output Screen

The START DATA OUTPUT screen is the last in a series of data entry screens you complete to specify parameters for all output devices. The parameter values you entered on previous screens in the series are collected and passed to the VSL routines that are executed to perform the output operation. The actual execution of the VSL routines does not begin until you complete the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

#### Figure 2–30: Start Data Output Screen

IDAT	START DATA OUTPUT
<sup>p</sup> ress re	turn to start output:

# 2.2.24 Sweep Clock Rate Selection Screen

The SWEEP CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen is one of the series of data entry screens you can complete to specify input parameters for the ADQ32 device. Using this screen, you select the rate of the sweep clock.

Figure 2-31 shows the SWEEP CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen.

#### Figure 2–31: Sweep Clock Rate Selection Screen

IDAT	SWEEP CLOCK RATE SELECTION
Enter sweep	clock rate: 100.000000

### 2.2.25 Trigger Mode Selection Screen

The TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify parameters for the AAV11-D, ADV11-D, and AXV11-C A/D devices. Using this screen, you select how data transfers to or from the device are triggered.

Figure 2-32 shows the TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

#### Figure 2–32: Trigger Mode Selection Screen

Chappel sweep per cleak tick
Channel Sweep per Clock Clock
Channel sweep per external trigger
One channel per clock tick
One channel per external trigger
Burst on external trigger
Sweep on clock pulse

### 2.2.26 X-Axis Coordinates Screen

The X-AXIS COORINDATES screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify output parameters for single channel and multiple channel plots. Using this screen, you specify the minimum and maximum x-axis values, and the increment at which you want an annotated tick marks made along the x axis.

Figure 2-33 shows the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

### Figure 2–33: X-Axis Coordinates Screen

IDAT	X-AXIS COORDINATES
Enter minimum	x-axis value: 0.000000
Enter maximum	x-axis value: 100.000000
Enter delta x	value: 10.000000
Press return t	o continue
<u>,</u>	

### 2.2.27 Y-Axis Coordinates Screen

The Y-AXIS COORINDATES screen is one of a series of data entry screens you complete to specify output parameters for single channel and multiple channel plots. Using this screen, you specify the minimum and maximum y-axis values, and the increment at which you want an annotated tick marks made along the y axis.

Figure 2-34 shows the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

#### Figure 2-34: Y-Axis Coordinates Screen

IDAT	Y-AXIS COORDINATES
Enter minimum	y-axis value: -10.000000
Enter maximum ;	y-axis value: 10.000000
Enter delta y	value: 5.000000
Press return to	p continue


# Chapter 3 Using IDAT for Data Input, Analysis, and Output

This chapter describes the steps you take to input data, to analyze data, and to output data using IDAT.

This chapter is not intended to be read sequentially. You need to read only those sections relevant to the devices you want to use with IDAT.

## 3.1 Using IDAT for Data Input

You can use the following devices with IDAT for data input:

- ADQ32
- ADV11-D
- AXV11-C
- Disk file
- DRB32
- DRQ3B
- DRV11-J
- DRV11-WA
- KWV11-C
- Preston

Subsequent sections describe the steps you take to establish data input parameters and to acquire data from these devices. Each I/O device is discussed in a separate section. The sections are arranged alphabetically for ease of use.

#### 3.1.1 Using the ADQ32 for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the ADQ32 using IDAT. Figure 3–1 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Take the following steps to input data from the ADQ32:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the ADQ32 option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen.

- To complete the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen, you enter:
  - a. The number of samples you want IDAT to read from each channel after the "Enter number of samples for each channel:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads 100 samples from each channel you specify for use. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 0 and 32768, exclusive.
  - b. The number of channels from which you want IDAT to read data after the "Enter number of channels to be sampled:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads data from one channel. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 1 and 32, inclusive.

Please note that the number of channels times the number of samples to be read from each channel cannot exceed 64K - 1, or 65534, bytes. Each sample is two bytes in length. This means that, if you select to read data from one A/D channel, you can specify a maximum of 32K - 1, or 32767, samples. If you select to read data from all 32 channels, you can specify a maximum of 2K - 1, or 2047, samples.

- c. The number of the first channel to be sampled after the "What is the first channel?:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads data from channel 0 first. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 0 and 31, inclusive.
- d. The amount of amplification you want IDAT to apply to each channel after the ''What is the gain to be used for all channels?:'' prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT uses a channel gain of one. If you enter a new value, the value must be a discrete integer of value 1, 2, 4, or 8.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

- 4. Select the device trigger mode. Then, complete step a, b, c, or d below.
  - a. If you select one of the following trigger mode options, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen:
    - Burst point
    - External point
    - Burst point, External sweep
    - Burst point, External start

Continue at step 7.

- b. If you select one of the following trigger mode options, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen before displaying the START DATA INPUT screen:
  - Clock point
  - Clock point, External sweep
  - Clock point, External start

Continue at step 5, skip step 6, and complete step 7.

- c. If you select one of the following trigger mode options, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen and the SWEEP CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen before displaying the START DATA INPUT screen:
  - Clock point, Sweep clock sweep
  - Clock point, Sweep clock sweep, External start

Continue at step 5 and complete steps 6 and 7.

- d. If you select the follow trigger mode option, IDAT displays the SWEEP CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen before displaying the START DATA INPUT screen:
  - Burst point, Sweep clock sweep
  - Burst point, Sweep clock sweep, External start

Continue at step 6 and complete step 7.

5. Enter the clock rate after the "Enter clock rate:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT uses a clock rate of 10000.00 Hz. If you enter a new value, the value must be between .008 and 200000.00, inclusive. Then, IDAT displays either the SWEEP CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen or the START DATA INPUT screen.

- 6. Enter the sweep clock rate after the "Enter sweep clock rate:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT uses a sweep clock rate of 100.00 Hz. If you enter a new value, the value must be between .008 and 200000.00, inclusive. Then, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.
- 7. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

### 3.1.2 Using the ADV11-D for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the ADV11-D using IDAT. Figure 3-2 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Take the following steps to input data from the ADV11-D:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the ADV11-D option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the INPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen.

- 3. Select the number of A/D channels on the ADV11-D device from which you want IDAT to read data. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 4.
  - a. If you select the ONE CHANNEL option, IDAT displays the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen. Enter the number of the channel from which you want IDAT to acquire the data after the "Enter channel number:" prompt. The value must an integer from 0 to 15, inclusive, specifying the channel number. If you accept the default value, IDAT acquires data from channel zero. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNEL GAINS screen.
  - b. If you select the ALL CHANNELS option, IDAT bypasses the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen and displays the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNEL GAINS screen.
- 4. To complete the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNEL GAINS screen, you enter:
  - a. The number of samples you want IDAT to read from each channel after the "Enter number of samples per channel:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads 100 samples from each channel you specified for use. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 1 and 65022, inclusive.

Please note that the number of channels times the number of samples to be read from each channel cannot exceed 64K - 512, or 65022, bytes. Each sample is two bytes in length. This means that if you select the ONE CHANNEL option from the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen in step 3, you can specify a maximum of 32K - 256, or 32511, samples. If you select the ALL CHANNELS option from the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen in step 3, you can specify a maximum of 2031 samples.

b. The amount of amplification you want IDAT to apply to each channel after the "Enter channel gains:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT uses a channel gain of one. If you enter a new value, the value must be 1, 2, 4, or 8.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

- 5. Select the device trigger mode. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 6.
  - a. If you select the "One channel per clock tick" option, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen. Enter the clock rate after the "Enter clock rate:" prompt. The value must be a single-precision, floating-point number between .002 Hz and 50 kHz, or .002 and 50000.0, exclusive. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.
  - b. If you select either of the other two trigger mode options, IDAT bypasses the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen and displays the START DATA INPUT screen.
- 6. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

## 3.1.3 Using the AXV11-C for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the AXV11-C using IDAT. Figure 3-3 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3-3: AXV11-C Input Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to input data from the AXV11-C:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the AXV11-C option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen.
- 3. To complete the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen, you enter:
  - a. The number of samples you want IDAT to read from each channel after the "Enter number of samples per channel:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads 100 samples from each channel you specify for use. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 0 and 65535, exclusive.

b. The number of channels from which you want IDAT to read data after the "Enter number of channels:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads data from one channel. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 1 and 16, inclusive.

Please note that the number of channels times the number of samples to be read from each channel cannot exceed 64K - 1, or 65534, bytes. Each sample is two bytes in length. This means that, if you select to read data from one A/D channel, you can specify a maximum of 32K - 1, or 32767, samples. If you select to read data from all 16 channels, you can specify a maximum of 2K - 1, or 2047, samples.

- c. The number of the first channel to be sampled after the "Enter first channel:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads data from channel 0 first. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 0 and 15, inclusive.
- d. The amount of amplification you want IDAT to apply to each channel after the 'Enter channel gains:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT uses a channel gain of one. If you enter a new value, the value must be discrete integer of value 1, 2, 4, or 8.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

- 4. Select the device trigger mode. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 5.
  - a. If you select the "Channel sweep per clock tick" option, the "One channel per clock tick" option, or the "Sweep on clock pulse" option, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen. Enter the clock rate after the "Enter clock rate:" prompt. The value must be a single-precision, floating-point number between .002 Hz and 10 kHz, or .002 and 10000.0, inclusive. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA-INPUT screen.
  - b. If you select any of the other four trigger mode options, IDAT bypasses the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen and displays the START DATA INPUT screen.
- 5. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.1.4 Using a Disk File for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from a disk file using IDAT. Figure 3-4 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure. See Appendix B for information on creating your own binary data files for input to IDAT.



Figure 3-4: Disk File Input Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to input data from a disk file:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the FILE option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the FILE NAME SPECIFICATION screen.

3. Enter the name of the input file after the "Enter file name:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT attempts to open and read from an existing file called OUTPUT.DAT. If you enter a new value, the file must already exist on your system. The file name must be a valid VMS file specification.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the input file and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.1.5 Using the DRB32 for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the DRB32 using IDAT. Figure 3–5 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to input data from the DRB32:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the DRB32 option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the POINT SIZE SPECIFICATION screen.
- 3. Select the data point size. Then, IDAT displays the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen.

4. Enter the number of data points, or the data length, after the "Enter number of data points:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads one data point from the DRB32. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 1 and 32767, inclusive.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

5. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.1.6 Using the DRQ3B for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the DRQ3B using IDAT. Figure 3–6 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3–6: DRQ3B Input Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to input data from the DRQ3B:

1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.

MR-1411-GE

- 2. Select the DRQ3B option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen.
- 3. Enter the number of data points, or the data length, after the "Enter number of data points:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads one data point from the DRQ3B. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 1 and 32767, inclusive.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

## 3.1.7 Using the DRV11-J for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the DRV11-J using IDAT. Figure 3–7 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3-7: DRV11-J Input Screen Flow Diagram



Take the following steps to input data from the DRV11-J:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the DRV11-J option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE screen.

3. Enable or disable the device's handshaking feature. Then, complete complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 4.

#### NOTE

To transfer more than one data point per buffer, the DRV11-J hardware must be jumpered for a two-wire handshake. The setting of jumper W11 on the DRV11-J board determines whether the two-wire handshaking feature is hardware-enabled. See the DRV11-J Parallel Line Interface User's Guide for information about how to jumper the DRV11-J device appropriately for your needs.

When handshaking is hardware-enabled, you can use the HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE screen to softwareenable or disable the use of the handshaking feature. Handshaking must be both hardware- and softwareenabled to transfer more than one data point per buffer.

a. If you enable handshaking in this step, then IDAT displays the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen. To complete the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen, enter the number of data points you want IDAT to read from the DRV11-J device after the "Enter number of data points:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads one data point. If you enter a new value, the value must be between 1 and 32767, inclusive.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the PORT SPECIFICATION screen.

- b. If you disable handshaking in this step, then IDAT immediately displays the PORT SPECIFICATION screen.
- 4. Enter the port from which you want IDAT to read the data. If you accept the default value, 0, IDAT reads data from Port A. If you enter 1, IDAT reads data from Port B. If you enter 2, IDAT reads data from Port C. If you enter 3, IDAT reads data from Port D.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

5. Press <u>RETURN</u> after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.1.8 Using the DRV11-WA for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the DRV11-WA using IDAT. Figure 3–8 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to input data from the DRV11-WA:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the DRV11-WA option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen.

3. Enter the number of data points you want IDAT to read from the DRV11-WA device after the "Enter number of data points:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads one data point. If you enter a new value, the value must be between 1 and 32767, inclusive.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input:" instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.1.9 Using the KWV11-C for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from the KWV11-C using IDAT. Figure 3–9 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3-9: KWV11-C Input Screen Flow Diagram



Take the following steps to input data from the KWV11-C:

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.
- 2. Select the KWV11-C option from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the CLOCK TRIGGER SELECTION screen.
- 3. Select the clock trigger mode. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the DATA LENGTH SPECIFICATION screen.

4. Enter the number of data points, or data length, after the "How many points:" prompt.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the CLOCK SOURCE SELECTION screen.

- 5. Select the clock source. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the CLOCK FUNCTION SELECTION screen.
- 6. Select the clock function. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.
- 7. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the input device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.1.10 Using Preston Devices for Data Input

This section describes how to establish input parameters and how to input data from Preston devices using IDAT. Figure 3–10 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3–10: Preston Input Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to input data from Preston devices:

1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source menu.

- 2. Select one of the Preston options from the IDAT Input Source menu. IDAT displays the BIT PRECISION SPECIFICATION SCREEN.
- 3. Specify the bit precision of your Preston A/D device. IDAT displays the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen.
- 4. To complete the A/D SAMPLES AND CHANNELS screen, you enter:
  - a. The number of samples you want IDAT to read from each channel after the "Enter number of samples per channel:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads 100 samples from each channel you specify for use. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 0 and 32767, exclusive.
  - b. The number of channels from which you want IDAT to read data after the "Enter number of channels:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads data from one channel. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 1 and 128, inclusive.

Please note that the number of channels times the number of samples to be read from each channel cannot exceed 32K - 1, or 32767, bytes.

c. The number of the first channel to be sampled after the "Enter first channel:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT reads data from channel 0 first. If you enter a new value, the value must be an integer between 0 and 1023, inclusive.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the PRESTON TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

- 5. Select the device trigger mode. Then, complete step a, step b, or step c below, and continue at step 6.
  - a. If you select one of the following device trigger mode options, IDAT immediately displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

Immediate start one point per external trigger External start one point per external trigger External start one channel sweep per external trigger b. If you select one of the following device trigger mode options, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen before displaying the START DATA INPUT screen.

> Immediate start one point per clock tick External start one point per clock tick

To complete the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen, enter the sampling rate you desire for the Preston internal sampling clock after the "Enter clock rate:" prompt. The value must be a single-precision, floating-point value between 0 Hz and 1 MHz, or 0.0 and 1000000.0, inclusive.

c. If you select one of the following device trigger modes, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen and the BURST CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen before displaying the START DATA INPUT screen.

> Immediate start one channel sweep per clock tick External start one channel sweep per internal clock tick

To complete the BURST CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen, enter the sampling rate you desire for the Preston internal burst rate clock after the "Enter burst clock rate:" prompt. The value must be a single-precision, floating-point value between 200.0 and 1000000.0.

When you complete the BURST CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.

6. Press <u>RETURN</u> after the "Press return to start data input." instruction. IDAT reads the data from the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

# 3.2 Using IDAT for Data Analysis

This section describes how to analyze data using IDAT. Figure 3-11 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3–11: Data Analysis Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to calculate the power spectrum of a data set using IDAT:

1. Select the ANALYZE DATA option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the DATA ANALYSIS MENU screen.

- 2. Select the POWER SPECTRUM option from the DATA ANALYSIS MENU screen. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 3.
  - a. If the internal buffer contains data collected from more than one input channel, IDAT displays the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen. To complete the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen, enter the number of the channel on the input device after the "Enter channel number:" prompt.

Since IDAT performs a power spectrum on the data read from that input channel, you must select a channel that was used for input. IDAT then displays the POWER SPECTRUM screen.

#### NOTE

IDAT places the results of the power spectrum into the internal buffer overwriting all the data contained in the buffer. If you need to save the input data, output it to a disk file before performing a power spectrum operation.

If the input data is stored in a disk file, you can perform a power spectrum on the data read from each input channel, one at a time, by using the disk file as input to IDAT.

- b. If the internal buffer contains data from only one input channel, IDAT bypasses the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen and displays the POWER SPECTRUM screen.
- 3. Press <u>RETURN</u> after the "Press carriage return to perform a power spectrum on the data" instruction. IDAT calculates the power spectrum and returns to the Main Menu.



# 3.3 Using IDAT for Data Output

You can use the following devices with IDAT for data output:

- AAV11-D
- AXV11-C
- Disk file
- DRB32
- DRQ3B
- DRV11-J
- DRV11-WA
- Multiple channel plot
- RS/1 file
- Single channel plot

Subsequent sections describe the steps you take to establish data output parameters and to write data to these devices. Each I/O device is discussed in a separate section. The sections are arranged alphabetically for ease of use.

#### 3.3.1 Using the AAV11-D for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to the AAV11-D using IDAT. Figure 3–12 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3-12: AAV11-D Output Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to output data to the AAV11-D:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the AAV11-D option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the OUTPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen.

- 3. Select the AAV11-D channel to which you want IDAT to output the data. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 4.
  - a. If you select to output data to only one of the AAV11-D channels, IDAT displays the SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen. Enter the number of the channel on the input device that you want to output to the AAV11-D channel after the "Enter input device channel number:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT outputs the data collected from channel 0 on the input device to the channel you selected for output on the AAV11-D.

Keep in mind that you can output to the AAV11-D the data collected from only one of the channels on your input device. For example, if you input data from all 16 channels on the ADV11-D device, you can output only one of them at a time to the AAV11-D. You must select a channel that was used for input.

b. If you select to output data to both of the AAV11-D channels, IDAT displays the MULTIPLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen. Enter the number of the first channel on the input device you want to output to the AAV11-D after the "Enter first input device channel number:" prompt. Enter the number of the second channel on the input device you want to output to the AAV11-D after the "Enter second input device channel number:" prompt.

Keep in mind that you can output to the AAV11-D the data collected from only two of the channels on your input device. For example, if you input data from all 16 channels on the ADV11-D device, you can output only two of them to the AAV11-D. You must select a channel that was used for input.

When you complete either the SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION or MULTIPLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screens, IDAT displays the TRIGGER MODE SELECTION screen.

- 4. Select the device trigger mode. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 5.
  - a. If you select the "Channel sweep per clock tick" option, IDAT displays the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen. Enter the clock rate after the "Enter clock rate:" prompt. The value must be a single-precision, floating-point number between .002 Hz and 10 kHz, or .002 and 10000.0, exclusive. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

- b. If you select either of the other two trigger mode options, IDAT bypasses the CLOCK RATE SELECTION screen and displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.
- 5. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.2 Using the AXV11-C for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to the AXV11-C using IDAT. Figure 3-13 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Take the following steps to output data to the AXV11-C:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the AXV11-C option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the OUTPUT CHANNEL SELECTION screen.
- 3. Select the AXV11-C channels to which you want IDAT to output the data. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 4.

a. If you select to output data to only one of the AXV11-C channels, IDAT displays the SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen. Enter the number of the channel on the input device that you want to output to the AXV11-C channel after the "Enter input device channel number:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT outputs the data collected from channel 0 on the input device to the channel you selected for output on the AXV11-C.

Keep in mind that you can output to the AXV11-C the data collected from only one of the channels on your input device. For example, if you input data from all 16 channels on the ADV11-D device, you can output only one of them to the AXV11-C. You must select a channel that was used for input.

b. If you select to output data to both of the AXV11-C channels, IDAT displays the MULTIPLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen. Enter the number of the first channel on the input device you want to output to the AXV11-C after the "Enter first input device channel number:" prompt. Enter the number of the second channel on the input device you want to output to the AXV11-C after the "Enter second input device channel number:" prompt.

Keep in mind that you can output to the AXV11-C the data collected from only two of the channels on your input device. For example, if you input data from all 16 channels on the ADV11-D device, you can output only two of them to the AXV11-C. You must select channels that were used for input.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the device and returns you to the Main Menu.



#### 3.3.3 Using a Disk File for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to a disk file using IDAT. Figure 3–14 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to output data to a disk file:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the FILE option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the FILE NAME SPECIFICATION screen.

3. Enter the name of the file after the "Enter file name:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT creates a file called OUTPUT.DAT into which it writes the data. If you enter a new file name, the name can be any valid VMS file specification.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the file and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.4 Using the DRB32 for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to the DRB32 using IDAT. Figure 3–15 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to output data to the DRB32:

1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the DRB32 option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.
- 3. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.5 Using the DRQ3B for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to the DRQ3B using IDAT. Figure 3-16 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to output data to the DRQ3B:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the DRQ3B option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

3. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.6 Using the DRV11-J for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to the DRV11-J using IDAT. Figure 3–17 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to output data to the DRV11-J:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the DRV11-J option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the HANDSHAKE ENABLE/DISABLE screen.
- 3. Enable or disable the DRV11-J's handshaking feature. Then, IDAT displays the PORT SPECIFICATION screen.

4. Enter the DRV11-J port to which you want IDAT to write the data. If you accept the default value, 0, IDAT writes data to Port A. If you enter 1, IDAT writes data to Port B. If you enter 2, IDAT writes data to Port C. If you enter 3, IDAT writes data to Port D.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

5. Press <u>RETURN</u> after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.7 Using the DRV11-WA for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to the DRV11-WA using IDAT. Figure 3–18 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.

#### Figure 3–18: DRV11-WA Output Screen Flow Diagram



Take the following steps to output data to the DRV11-WA:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the DRV11-WA option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.
- 3. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the device and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.8 Producing a Multiple Channel Plot

This section describes how to establish plotting parameters and how to produce a multiple channel plot using IDAT. Figure 3–19 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3–19: Multiple Channel Plot Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to produce a multiple channel plot:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the MULTIPLE CHANNEL PLOT option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the AXIS LABELS screen.

- 3. To complete the AXIS LABELS screen, you enter:
  - a. The graph, or plot, title after the "Main Title:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT titles the graph "Voltage vs Time". If you enter a new title, it can be a combination of letters and spaces, a maximum of 72 characters in length. If the title you enter exceeds 72 characters, IDAT uses only the first 72 characters.
  - b. The x-axis label after the "X-axis label:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT labels the x axis "Time". If you enter a new label, it can be a combination of letters and spaces, a maximum of 72 characters in length. If the label you enter exceeds 72 characters, IDAT uses only the first 72 characters.
  - c. The y-axis label after the "Y-axis label:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT labels the y axis "Voltage". If you enter a new label, it can be a combination of letters and spaces, a maximum of 72 characters in length. If the label you enter exceeds 72 characters, IDAT uses only the first 72 characters.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the AUTOSCALING OPTION screen.

4. If you select the "Autoscale" option, this signals IDAT to use its internal autoscaling algorithm to determine how to annotate the x and y axes. Then, IDAT moves you immediately to the START DATA OUTPUT screen. Continue at step 7.

If you select the "No Autoscale" option, IDAT displays the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

- 5. To complete the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen, you enter:
  - a. The minimum value you want annotated on the x axis after the "Enter minimum x-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT begins x-axis annotation at 0.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum x-axis value.
  - b. The maximum value you want annotated on the x axis after the "Enter maximum x-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT ends x-axis annotation at 100.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be greater than the minimum x-axis value.

c. The increment at which you want an annotated tick mark made on the x axis after the "Enter delta x value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT places annotated tick marks on the x axis in increments of 10.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum x-axis annotated value minus the minimum x-axis annotated value.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

- 6. To complete the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen, you enter:
  - a. The minimum value you want annotated on the y axis after the "Enter minimum y-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT begins y-axis annotation at -10.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floatingpoint real number between -10.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum y-axis value.
  - b. The maximum value you want annotated on the y axis after the "Enter maximum y-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT ends y-axis annotation at 10.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be greater than the minimum y-axis value.
  - c. Enter the increment at which you want an annotated tick mark made on the y axis after the "Enter delta y value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT places annotated tick marks on the y axis in increments of 5.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum y-axis annotated value minus the minimum y-axis annotated value.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

- 7. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT directs the output to the device defined as GKS\$CONID. First, IDAT draws the axis system, titles the graph, labels the axes, and plots the data collected from the first channel. Then, IDAT displays the "Press carriage return for next plot." instruction.
- 8. Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return for next plot." instruction to plot the second channel, and so on, until all the channels are plotted.
- 9. Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return to continue." instruction. IDAT returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 3.3.9 Using an RS/1 File for Data Output

This section describes how to establish output parameters and how to output data to an RS/1 file using IDAT. Figure 3–20 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.



Figure 3–20: RS/1 File Output Screen Flow Diagram

Take the following steps to output data to an RS/1 file:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- Select the RS/1 FILE option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. IDAT displays the FILE NAME SPECIFICATION screen.
- 3. Enter the name of the file after the "Enter file name:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT creates a file called ASCII.DAT into which it writes the data. If you enter a new file name, the name can be any valid VMS file specification.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT writes the data to the file and returns you to the Main Menu.

Appendix A in this document describes the steps you take to convert the IDAT-created ASCII file to an RS/1 table.

#### 3.3.10 Producing a Single Channel Plot

This section describes how to establish plotting parameters and how to produce a single channel plot using IDAT. Figure 3–21 is a flow diagram of the IDAT menus and data entry screens you use to perform this operation. Step-by-step instructions for completing the menus and screens are presented after the figure.





Take the following steps to produce a single channel plot:

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination menu.
- 2. Select the SINGLE CHANNEL PLOT option from the IDAT Output Destination menu. Then, complete step a or step b below, and continue at step 3.
  - a. If the internal buffer contains data from more than one input channel, IDAT displays the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen. To complete the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen, enter the number of the channel on the input device that you want IDAT to plot after the "Enter channel number:" prompt. You must select a channel that was used for input. When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the AXIS LABELS screen.
  - b. If the internal buffer contains data from one input channel, then IDAT bypasses the SINGLE CHANNEL INPUT SELECTION screen and displays the AXIS LABELS screen.
- To complete the AXIS LABELS screen, you enter:
  - a. The graph, or plot, title after the "Main Title:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT titles the graph "Voltage vs Time". If you enter a new title, it can be a combination of letters and spaces, a maximum of 72 characters in length. If the title you enter exceeds 72 characters, IDAT uses only the first 72 characters.
  - b. The x-axis label after the "X-axis label:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT labels the x axis "Time". If you enter a new label, it can be a combination of letters and spaces, a maximum of 72 characters in length. If the label you enter exceeds 72 characters, IDAT uses only the first 72 characters.
  - c. The y-axis label after the "Y-axis label:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT labels the y axis "Voltage". If you enter a new label, it can be a combination of letters and spaces, a maximum of 72 characters in length. If the label you enter exceeds 72 characters, IDAT uses only the first 72 characters.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the AUTOSCALING OPTION screen.

4. If you select the "Autoscale" option, this signals IDAT to use its internal autoscaling algorithm to determine how to annotate the x and y axes. Then, IDAT moves you immediately to the START DATA OUTPUT screen. Continue at step 7.

If you select the "No Autoscale" option, IDAT displays the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

- 5. To complete the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen, you enter:
  - a. The minimum value you want annotated on the x axis after the "Enter minimum x-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT begins x-axis annotation at 0.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum x-axis value.
  - b. The maximum value you want annotated on the x axis after the "Enter maximum x-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT ends x-axis annotation at 100.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be greater than the minimum x-axis value.
  - c. The increment at which you want an annotated tick mark made on the x axis after the "Enter delta x value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT places annotated tick marks on the x axis in increments of 10.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum x-axis annotated value minus the minimum x-axis annotated value.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

- 6. To complete the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen, you enter:
  - a. The minimum value you want annotated on the y axis after the "Enter minimum y-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT begins y-axis annotation at -10.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floatingpoint real number between -10.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum y-axis value.

- b. The maximum value you want annotated on the y axis after the "Enter maximum y-axis value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT ends y-axis annotation at 10.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be greater than the minimum y-axis value.
- c. The increment at which you want an annotated tick mark made on the y axis after the "Enter delta y value:" prompt. If you accept the default value, IDAT places annotated tick marks on the y axis in increments of 5.0. If you enter a new value, the value must be a single-precision, floating-point real number between 0.0 and 32000.0, inclusive. This value must be less than the maximum y-axis annotated value minus the minimum y-axis annotated value.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

- Press <u>RETURN</u> after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT directs the output to the device defined as GKS\$CONID. First, IDAT draws the axis system, titles the graph, and labels the axes. Then, IDAT plots the data.
- 8. Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return to continue." instruction. IDAT returns you to the Main Menu.

### Chapter 4 Sample IDAT Session

This chapter presents a sample IDAT session. Follow the step-by-step procedures presented in this chapter to learn how to use IDAT and to verify that your IDAT software is installed and working properly.

#### 4.1 Sample Session Overview

The sample session presented below shows you how to perform the following operations using IDAT:

- 1. Input data to IDAT from an existing IDAT-created disk file
- 2. Produce a multiple channel plot of the two channels of data contained in the file
- 3. Perform a power spectrum on one channel of data
- 4. Produce a single channel plot of the power spectrum

This sample session comprises four passes through IDAT. Each pass through IDAT corresponds to one of the numbered items in the list above. When you complete this sample session, you will have successfully reproduced, on your terminal screen, the graphical output presented in Figure 4–1, Sample Multiple Channel Plot, and in Figure 4–2, Sample Single Channel Plot.

This sample session can be run on any VAXlab system, regardless of the optional I/O devices that may be configured in your system. Be sure to meet the prerequisites presented in Section 4.3, Sample Session Prestart Checklist, before you begin the session.

#### 4.2 Sample Data File

The sample data file used as input to IDAT was created in a DIGITAL software laboratory during an IDAT session. The data file, called TESTDATA.DAT, is shipped with your VAXlab system and is put online during the installation procedure in a directory with the logical name VSL\$EXAMPLES. The logical name VSL\$EXAMPLES is also defined during the installation procedure by commands in the appropriate startup command file.

Before you run the sample IDAT session, copy the sample data file, TESTDATA.DAT, from VSL\$EXAMPLES to your own directory by entering the following command line:

\$ COPY VSL\$EXANPLES: TESTDATA. DAT \*.\* RETURN

The data contained in TESTDATA.DAT was obtained by reading 1000 samples from each of two channels on the AXV11-C A/D device. A function generator provided the signal source for each channel. A 10-Hz sine wave was input through channel 0. A 20-Hz sine wave was input through channel 1. A gain of one was applied to each channel. IDAT performed one channel sweep per clock tick, with a clock rate of 1 kHz, or 1000.0 cycles per second.

#### 4.3 Sample Session Prestart Checklist

Before you proceed with the sample IDAT session presented in this chapter, please make sure that the following prerequisites are met.

- Read Chapter 1 in this document carefully. This chapter contains information you need to know to complete the sample session successfully, including how to run IDAT, how to make selections from menus, how to complete data entry screens, how to recover from error conditions should any occur during the sample session, and how to exit IDAT.
- Define the logical names GKS\$WSTYPE and GKS\$CONID. The definition of the logical name GKS\$WSTYPE depends on your terminal type. For the purpose of running this sample session, define the logical name GKS\$CONID to be TT. Information about defining the logical names is presented in Section 1.5, Data Plotting.

• Copy the sample data file, TESTDATA.DAT, from the VSL\$EXAMPLES directory to your own directory.

When you complete the prerequisites listed above, read the remainder of this chapter and begin the sample session.

#### 4.4 Beginning the Sample Session

To begin the sample IDAT session, enter the following command after the DCL \$ prompt:

SIDAT RETURN

IDAT displays the Main Menu screen and is ready to begin accepting information.

#### 4.5 Pass 1: Using TESTDATA.DAT as Input to IDAT

Take the following steps to use the sample data file, TESTDATA.DAT, as input to IDAT.

- 1. Select the INPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Input Source Menu.
- 2. Select the FILE option from the Input Source Menu. IDAT displays the FILE NAME SPECIFICATION screen.
- 3. Enter the file name TESTDATA.DAT after the "Enter file name:" prompt and press **RETURN**. Then, IDAT displays the START DATA INPUT screen.
- 4. Press **RETURN** after the "Press return to start input." instruction. Then, IDAT:
  - a. attaches and opens the file
  - b. reads the data contained in the file into the IDAT internal buffer
  - c. closes and detaches the file
  - d. returns you to the Main Menu

#### 4.6 Pass 2: Plotting the Input Data

Before you can use IDAT to plot data, you must define the logical names GKS\$WSTYPE and GKS\$CONID appropriately for your terminal type. See Section 1.5, Data Plotting, for information about how to define these logical name.

Take the following steps to produce a multiple channel plot of the data.

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination Menu.
- 2. Select the MULTIPLE CHANNEL PLOT option from the Output Destination Menu. IDAT displays the AXIS LABELS screen.
- 3. To complete the AXIS LABELS screen, accept:
  - a. The default graph title. IDAT titles the graph "Voltage vs Time".
  - b. The default x-axis label. IDAT labels the x-axis "Time".
  - c. The default y-axis label. IDAT labels the y-axis "Voltage".

Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return to continue." instruction to move to the next data entry screen in the series. IDAT displays the AUTOSCALING OPTION screen.

- 4. Select the "Autoscale" option. This signals IDAT to use its internal autoscaling algorithm to determine how to annotate the x and y axes. Then, IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.
- 5. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. IDAT creates the axis system, annotates the axes, titles the graph, labels the axes, and plots the data from channel 0. Then, IDAT displays the "Press carriage return for next plot." instruction.
- 6. Press **RETURN** after the "Press carriage return for next plot." instruction to plot the data from channel 1.

When you complete this step, IDAT displays the plot shown in Figure 4–1 on your terminal screen.

7. Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return to continue." instruction. IDAT erases the plot from the screen and returns you to the Main Menu.





Sample IDAT Session 4-5

### 4.7 Pass 3: Performing a Power Spectrum on the Input Data

Take the following steps to calculate the power spectrum of the data collected from one input device channel.

- 1. Select the ANALYZE DATA option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Data Analysis Menu.
- 2. Select the POWER SPECTRUM option from the Data Analysis Menu. Because the internal buffer contains data from more than one input channel, IDAT displays the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen.
- 3. To complete the CHANNEL NUMBER SELECTION screen, accept the default value, 0, displayed after the "Enter channel number:" prompt. This tells IDAT to perform a power spectrum on the data collected from channel 0 on the input device.

When you complete this screen, IDAT displays the POWER SPECTRUM screen.

4. Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return to perform a power spectrum on the data." instruction. IDAT calculates the power spectrum and returns you to the Main Menu.

#### 4.8 Pass 4: Plotting the Results of the Power Spectrum

Take the following steps to produce a single channel plot of the results of the power spectrum.

- 1. Select the OUTPUT option from the IDAT Main Menu. IDAT displays the Output Destination Menu.
- 2. Select the SINGLE CHANNEL PLOT option from the Output Destination Menu. IDAT displays the AXIS LABELS screen.
- 3. To complete the AXIS LABELS screen enter:
  - a. "Amplitude vs Frequency" beneath the "Main Title:" prompt. IDAT titles the graph "Amplitude vs Frequency".
  - b. "Frequency" beneath the "X-axis label:" prompt. IDAT labels the x-axis "Frequency".
  - c. "Amplitude" beneath the "Y-axis label:" prompt. IDAT labels the y-axis "Amplitude".

Press RETURN after the "Press carriage return to continue." instruction to move to the next data entry screen in the series. IDAT displays the AUTOSCALING OPTION screen.

- 4. Select the "No autoscale" option. Then, IDAT displays the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen.
- 5. To complete the X-AXIS COORDINATES screen:
  - a. Accept the default value, 0.0, displayed after the "Enter minimum x-axis value:" prompt. IDAT begins x-axis annotation at 0.0.
  - b. Enter 1000.0 after the "Enter the maximum x-axis value:" prompt. IDAT ends x-axis annotation at 1000.0.
  - c. Enter 100.0 after the "Enter delta x value:" prompt. IDAT places an annotated tick mark along the x axis at increments of 100.0.

Press <u>RETURN</u> after the "Press return to continue." instruction to move to the next data entry screen in the series. IDAT displays the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen.

- 6. To complete the Y-AXIS COORDINATES screen:
  - a. Enter 0.0 after the "Enter minimum y-axis value:" prompt. IDAT begins y-axis annotation at 0.0.
  - b. Enter 10,000,000.0 after the "Enter the maximum x-axis value:" prompt. IDAT ends y-axis annotation at 10,000,000.00. The commas are included here for readability. When you enter this number in the data entry field, do not include the commas.
  - c. Enter 1,000,000.0 after the "Enter delta x value:" prompt. IDAT places an annotated tick mark along the y axis at increments of 1,000,000.0. The commas are included here for readability. When you enter this number in the data entry field, do not include the commas.

Press RETURN after the "Press return to continue." instruction to move to the next data entry screen in the series. IDAT displays the START DATA OUTPUT screen.

- 7. Press RETURN after the "Press return to start output." instruction. Then, IDAT:
  - a. creates the axis system
  - b. annotates the axes
  - c. titles the graph
  - d. labels the axes
  - e. plots the results of the power spectrum

When you complete this step, IDAT displays the plot shown in Figure 4-2 on your terminal screen.

8. Press RETURN after the "Press return to return to Main Menu." instruction. IDAT erases the plot from the screen and returns you to the Main Menu.





### Appendix A Converting IDAT ASCII Files to RS/1 Tables

This appendix describes the steps you take to convert this ASCII file to an RS/1 table. Section 3.3.8, Using an RS/1 File for Data Output, describes the steps you take to output data to an ASCII file appropriate for input into RS/1.

The file RS1FILE.TXT is an RPL program you implement through RS/1 to convert IDAT-created ASCII files to RS/1 tables. The file RS1FILE.TXT is located in a directory with the logical name LIO\$EXAMPLES.

Take the following steps to convert IDAT ASCII files to RS/1 tables:

- 1. Copy RS1FILE.TXT from LIO\$EXAMPLES to your user directory by entering the following command line:
  - \$ COPY LIO\$EXAMPLES:RS1FILE.TXT RS1FILE.TXT RETURN
- 2. To run RS/1, enter the following command after the DCL \$ prompt:

\$ RS1 RETURN

RS/1 returns the # prompt.

3. Enter the following command lines after the RS/1 # prompt to access and compile RS1FILE.TXT:

```
# SET DEF OF RSIFILE TO GETFILE ('RSIFILE.TXT') RETURN
```

# CONPILE RS1FILE RETURN

4. To ensure that RS1FILE is now a user procedure in RS/1, enter the following command line after the # prompt:

# DISPLAY PROCS RETURN

RS/1 displays a list of all user procedures followed by the # prompt.

5. To call the RS1FILE user procedure, enter the following command line after the # prompt:

# CALL RSIFILE RETURN

6. Enter the name of the ASCII file to be converted and the name of the RS/1 table file to contain the converted ASCII file after the following prompts. This sample program run uses a file called ASCII.DAT and creates an RS/1 table called TABLE1.

PLEASE ENTER FILENANE: ASCII.DAT RETURN PLEASE ENTER TABLENANE: TABLE1 RETURN

The RS1FILE routine converts the ASCII file called ASCII.DAT to an RS/1 table called TABLE1.

The ASCII file called ASCII.DAT is stored in the format shown in Figure A-1. This file was created using IDAT.

40
2
-3.09158
-6.56410
-3.77045
-7.81929
-4.24420
-8.67399
-4.52747
-9.14774
-4.63492
-8.81563
-
•
•
-3.96093
-3.96093 -7.68254
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973 -6.43223
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973 -6.43223 -2.65201
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973 -6.43223 -2.65201 -4.89866
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973 -6.43223 -2.65201 -4.89866 -1.81197
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973 -6.43223 -2.65201 -4.89866 -1.81197 -3.17949
-3.96093 -7.68254 -3.37973 -6.43223 -2.65201 -4.89866 -1.81197 -3.17949 -0.87912

Figure A-1: ASCII File Format

The RS/1 table called TABLE1 is stored in the format shown in Figure A-2,

where

Column 0 is supplied by RS/1

Column 1 represents the sample numbers

Column 2 is the data from the first channel sampled

Column 3 is the data from the second channel sampled

#### Figure A-2: RS/1 Table Format

TABLE1 40R x 3C							
0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
1	1	-3.09158	-6.56410	15	 15	2.34432	5.03541
2	2	-3.77045	-7.81929	16	16	3.00855	6.30525
3	3	-4.24420	-8.67399	17	17	3.50672	7.20879
4	4	-4.52747	-9.14774	18	18	3.83883	7.77045
Б	5	-4.63492	-9.21612	19	19	3.99023	7.96581
6	6	-4.47375	-8.81563	20	20	3.87790	7.64347
7	7	-4.12698	-8.04396	21	21	3.58486	6.95971
8	8	-3.62393	-6.93529	22	22	3.12576	5.93895
9	9	-2.94994	-5.52381	23	23	2.48596	4.62027
10	10	-2.13919	-3.85348	24	24	1.71429	3.00855
11	11	-1.23565	-2.00733	25	25	0.85958	1.24542
12	12	-0.29304	-0.11233	26	26	-0.07814	-0.62515
13	13	0.65446	1.77289	27	27	-1.01587	-2.52015
14	14	1.54335	3.49206	28	28	-1.93895	-4 . 40049
Cont	inue?	[¥•s]					
TABL	E1 40	R x 3C					
0	1	2	3				
29	29	-2.81319	-6.00244				
30	30	-3.49695	-7.31136				
31	31	-4.03907	-8.28816				
32	32	-4.41514	-8.96216				
33	33	-4.60562	-9.2/4/2				
34	34	-4.58608	-9.09890				
35	35	-4.36630	-0.00078				
30	30	-3.96093	-7.68264				
37	37	-3.37973	-6.43223				
38	38	-2.65201	-4.89866				
39	39	-1.81197	-3.17949				
40	40	-0.87912	-1.29426				

A-4 Converting IDAT ASCII Files to RS/1 Tables

```
PROCEDURE;
    SFLAG = FALSE;
    DO WHILE NOT(SFLAG);
        FNAME = GETTEXT ('PLEASE ENTER FILENAME: ');
        CHAN = INFILE(FNAME, LEN, SFLAG);
        IF NOT(SFLAG) THEN
        TYPE 'UNABLE TO FIND FILE' .FNAME;
    END;
    TABLENANE = GETTEXT ('PLEASE ENTER TABLENANE: ');
    BEGIN;
        CALL GETLINE(T, CHAN); /* # values */
        CALL GETLINE(N, CHAN); /* # values */
        NCHAN = DECODE(N, F(2));
        TCHAN = DECODE(T, 'F(5)');
        BEGIN;
            DO I = 1 TO TCHAN;
                IF (TESTEND(CHAN)) THEN
                     DOEXIT;
                ELSE
                       BEGIN:
                          A[I,1] = I;
                          DO J=2 TO NCHAN+1 ;
                          CALL GETLINE(AX, CHAN);
                          A[I,J] = DECODE(AX, 'F(10');
                       END;
                END;
            END;
        END;
        CALL CLOSE(CHAN);
        RENAME TABLE(A) TO TABLENAME;
    END;
END;
```

# Ú

### Appendix B Creating Binary Data Files

You can create your own binary data files that are acceptable for input to IDAT. However, you must set up a file with a header formatted as shown below.

For A/D or D/A devices (AAV11-D, ADQ32, ADV11-D AXV11-C, and Preston-series), format the file header in the following way:

4-byte integer - buffer length (size of file in bytes)

4-byte integer - data length (number of bytes filled with actual data)

4-byte integer - unused

4-byte integer - 0 (buffer\_type defined by IDAT)

4-byte integer - 1024 (number of bytes in header)

4-byte integer - number of channels collecting data

128 4-byte integers - 4 bytes per channel with a maximum of 128 channels for Preston-series devices)

488 bytes - unused

Data starts at 3rd block (1025 byte)

For a power spectrum, format the file header in the following way:

4-byte integer - buffer length (size of file in bytes)
4-byte integer - data length (number of bytes filled with actual data)
4-byte integer - unused
4-byte integer - 3 (buffer\_type defined by IDAT)
4-byte integer - 1024 (number of bytes in header)
1004 bytes - unused

Data starts at 3rd block (1025 byte)

For all other devices currently supported (DRB32, DRQ3B, DRV11-J, and DRV11-WA), format the file header in the following way:

4-byte integer - buffer length (size of file in bytes)
4-byte integer - data length (number of bytes filled with actual data)
4-byte integer - unused
4-byte integer - 1 (buffer\_type defined by IDAT)
4-byte integer - 1024 (number of bytes in header)
4-byte integer - point size (number of bytes per point)
1000 bytes - unused

Data starts at 3rd block (1025 byte)

### Index

#### A

A/D Samples and Channel Gains screen • 2-12 A/D Samples and Channels screen • 2-10 AAV11-D KWV11-C clock rate • 2-20 selecting A/D channels for output to the D/A • 2-28, 2-33 trigger modes • 2-38 Accepting default values • 1-10 ADQ32 A/D channels and channel gains • 2-10 number of samples • 2-10 sweep clock rate • 2-37 trigger modes • 2-13 ADV11-D A/D channels • 2-18, 2-27 channel gains • 2-12, 3-8 KWV11-C clock rate • 2-20, 3-9 number of samples • 2-12, 3-8 trigger modes • 2-38, 3-9 Analog devices AAV11-D • 1-2 ADQ32 • 1-2 ADV11-D • 1-2 AXV11-C • 1-2 Preston/DRB32 • 1-2 Preston/DRQ3B • 1-2 Preston/DRV11-WA • 1-2 Assigning logical names GKS\$CONID • 1-4, 4-4 GKS\$WSTYPE • 1-4, 4-4 Autoscaling • 2-16 Autoscaling Option screen • 2-16

Axes Labels screen • 2–15 Axis coordinates • 2–39, 2–40 AXV11-C A/D channels and channel gains • 2–10 D/A channels • 2–29 KWV11-C clock rate • 2–20, 3–11 number of samples • 2–10 selecting A/D channels for output to the D/A • 2–28, 2–33 trigger modes • 2–38, 3–11

#### В

Beginning an IDAT session • 1-6 Bit precision • 2-17 Bit Precision Specification screen • 2-17

### С

Channel Selection screen • 2–18 Clock Function Selection screen • 2–19 Clock Rate Selection screen • 2–20 Clock Source Selection screen • 2–21 Clock Trigger Selection screen • 2–22 Control keys • 1–16

#### D

Data analysis power spectrum • 1-3, 3-27 selecting power spectrum option • 2-6 Data Analysis Menu • 2-6 Data devices producing a multiple channel plot • 3-42

## Ú

Data devices (cont'd.) producing a single channel plot • 3-48 selecting input devices • 2-3 using a disk file for input • 3-12 using a disk file for output • 3-35 using an RS/1 file for output • 3-46 using the AAV11-D for output • 3-29 using the ADQ32 for input • 3-2 using the ADV11-D for input • 3-6 using the AXV11-C for input • 3-9 using the AXV11-C for output • 3-32 using the DRB32 for input • 3-13 using the DRB32 for output • 3-36 using the DRQ3B for input • 3-15 using the DRQ3B for output • 3-37 using the DRV11-J for input • 3-17 using the DRV11-J for output • 3-38 using the DRV11-WA for input • 3-20 using the DRV11-WA for output • 3-40 using the Preston for input • 3-24 Data entry screens conventions for use • 1-8 generic screen layout • 1-11 Data format translation analog-to-digital • 1-3 digital-to-analog • 1-3 Data Length Specification screen • 2-23 Data output selecting output destinations • 2-7 Data plotting • 1-4 assigning logical names • 1-4, 4-4 **Digital devices** DRB32 • 1-2 DRQ3B • 1-2 DRV11-J • 1-2 DRV11-WA • 1-2 Disk files file names • 2-24 DOWNARROW key • 1-8 DRB32 data length • 3-15 DRQ3B data length • 2-23, 3-16 DRV11-J data length • 2-23, 3-19 disabling handshaking • 2-25, 3-19 enabling handshaking • 2-25, 3-19 output • 3-38

```
DRV11-J (cont'd.)
port specification • 2–31, 3–19, 3–40
DRV11-WA
data length • 2–23
output • 3–40
```

#### Ε

Entering data on data entry screens • 1–10 Entering new parameter values • 1–10 Error recovery • 1–14 Executing IDAT • 1–6 Executing VSL routines • 2–35, 2–36 Exiting IDAT • 1–16 using the CTRL/Y • 1–16 using the EXIT option • 1–16

#### F

File devices input • 1-2 output • 1-2 File names • 2-24 File Name Specification screen • 2-24

#### G

GKS\$CONID • 1-4, 4-4 GKS\$WSTYPE • 1-4, 4-4 Graph titles • 2-15, 2-16

#### Η

Handshake Enable/Disable screen • 2-25 Handshaking • 2-25

IDAT internal buffer • 1–6 IDAT pass • 1–6 IDAT session • 1–6 Input Channel Selection screen • 2–27 Input Source Menu • 2–3 Internal buffer • 1–6
# K

KWV11-C clock function • 2–19, 3–23 clock rate • 2–20 clock source • 2–21, 3–23 clock trigger • 2–22, 3–22

#### L

Labeling axes • 2-15, 2-16

#### Μ

Main Menu • 2-2 EXIT option • 1-16 Making a pass through IDAT • 1-6 Menus conventions for use • 1-8 Data Analysis • 2-6 generic screen layout • 1-9 Input Source • 2-3 Main • 2-2 Output Destination • 2-7 Multiple Input Channel Selection screen • 2-28

## 0

Output Channel Selection screen • 2-29 Output Destination Menu • 2-7

#### Ρ

PF3 key • 1-8, 1-11 Plotting graph titles • 2-15 labeling axes • 2-15, 2-16 selecting A/D channel for single channel plot • 2-33 x-axis coordinates • 2-39 y-axis coordinates • 2-40 Point Size Specification screen • 2-30 Port Specification screen • 2-31 Power spectrum • 3-27 Preston A/D channels • 2-10 Preston (cont'd.) bit precision • 2–17 burst rate clock • 3–26 internal sampling rate clock • 3–26 number of samples • 2–10 trigger modes • 2–32, 3–25 Preston Trigger Mode Selection screen • 2–32

#### R

Real-time clock module • 1-2 RS/1 files file names • 2-24 Running IDAT • 1-6

## S

Sample session data file • 4-2 input data source • 4-2 power spectrum • 4-6 producing a multiple channel plot • 4-4 producing a single channel plot • 4-7 running IDAT • 4-3 TESTDATA.DAT • 4-2 using a disk file as input • 4-3 Screen forms interface • 1-7 Screens A/D Samples and Channel Gains • 2-12 A/D Samples and Channels • 2-10 Autoscaling Option • 2-16 Axes Labels • 2-15 Bit Precision Specification • 2-17 Channel Selection • 2-18 Clock Function Selection • 2-19 Clock Rate Selection • 2-20 Clock Source Selection • 2-21 Clock Trigger Selection • 2-22 Data Length Specification • 2-23 File Name Specification • 2-24 Handshake Enable/Disable • 2-25 Input Channel Selection • 2-27 Multiple Input Channel Selection • 2-28 Output Channel Selection • 2-29 Point Size Specification • 2-30 Port Specification • 2-31 Preston Trigger Mode Selection • 2-32

#### Screens (cont'd.) Single Input Channel Selection • 2–33 Sweep Clock Rate Selection • 2–37 Trigger Mode Selection • 2–38 X-Axis Coordinates Selection • 2–39 Y-Axis Coordinates Selection • 2–40 Selecting analysis operations • 2–6 Selecting input devices • 2–3 Selecting options from menus • 1–8 Selecting output destinations • 2–7 Single Input Channel Selection screen • 2–33 Storing data in a disk file • 1–7 Sweep clock rate • 2–37 Sweep Clock Rate Selection screen • 2–37

## Т

TESTDATA.DAT input data source • 4-2 Trigger Mode Selection screen • 2-38

## U

UPARROW key • 1-8 Using the DOWNARROW key • 1-8 Using the PF3 key • 1-8, 1-11 Using the RETURN key • 1-11 Using the UPARROW key • 1-8

## V

VSL\$EXAMPLES • 4-2

### Х

X-Axis Coordinates screen • 2-39

### Υ

Y-Axis Coordinates screen • 2-40

#### **READER'S COMMENTS**

Your comments and suggestions help us to improve the quality of our publications.

	For	which tasks	did you	use this	manual?	(Circle	vour re	sponses.
--	-----	-------------	---------	----------	---------	---------	---------	----------

(a) Installation	(c) Maintenance	(e) Training
(b) Operation/use	(d) Programming	(f) Other (Please specify.)
Did the manual meet your	needs? Yes No	Why?

Please rate the manual in the following categories. (Circle your responses.)									
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Unacceptable				
Accuracy (product works as described)	5	4	3	2	1				
Clarity (easy to understand)	5	4	3	2	1				
Completeness (enough information)	5	4	3	2	1				
Organization (structure of subject matter)	5	4	3	2	1				
Table of Contents, Index (ability to find topic)	5	4	3	2	1				
Illustrations, examples (useful)	5	4	3	2	1				
Overall ease of use	5	4	3	2	1				
Page Layout (easy to find information)	5	4	3	2	1				
Print Quality (easy to read)	5	4	3	2	1				
What things did you like most about th	is manual?								
Please list and describe any errors you found in the manual.    Page  Description/Location of Error									
Additional comments or suggestions for improving this manual:									
Name	J	ob Title							
Street	(	Company							
City	I	Department							
State/Country		Telephone Number							
Postal (ZIP) Code	I	Date							

Fold Here and Tape

Affix Stamp Here

# DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION CORPORATE USER PUBLICATIONS 200 FOREST STREET MR01-2/L12 MARLBOROUGH, MA 01752-9101

\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ Fold Here \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_